

# CAMPAIGN HAS TAKEN A TURN

## Davidson Appears To Have Gained The Lead He Lost When La Follette Began Talking.

# SEEKS STALWART VOTES IN SPEECH

## Lenroot Must Be Nominated Tuesday, No Matter What Measures Are Used To Bring It About--

### General Political Gossip.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
Maitson, Wis., Aug. 28.—This is the greatest "go it alone" campaign that has ever been waged in the state of Wisconsin. Occasionally Senator La Follette will say a word for a candidate other than Speaker Lenroot, but aside from this none of the speakers on the stump are devoting themselves to more than one man, usually the gubernatorial candidate in whose interest he is sent out. Your correspondent was out with the governor last week in southwestern Wisconsin, and not a word was heard to show that Governor Davidson is having anything to do with the candidacy of any man other than himself. Senator La Follette, who went over the same route practically ten days previously, is also keeping out of contests outside of the governorship. At Platteville an incident of the senator's trip was learned showing that La Follette is not now trying much to defeat Congressman Babcock in the third district.

In the Third.  
"But, Senator La Follette," asked a follower at the close of the Platteville address, "why do you not say a good word for Judge Mahoney and against Babcock?"  
"Well, because I do not choose."  
"Then I think I will vote for Mr. Babcock, for I opposed him two years ago because you told us he was a bad man. I rather admire his ability and the way he gets things for his district, and if he is not bad enough for you to say a word against, I will vote for him."  
"Well, if you feel that way about it, then you vote for him," was the reply of the man who two years ago brought out a candidate in every county in the district against Babcock.

In the First.  
Down in La Fayette and Green counties a healthy sentiment was observed in favor of a change of representative of the first district. In a hotel in Darlington a group of traveling men were discussing the political situation and the conclusion was that these men who had traveled over the district and touched elbows with voters, had found out that a wide and determined sentiment prevailed in favor of T. S. Nolan of Janesville. Mr. Cooper's opponent for the republican nomination. The votes of Cooper on tobacco and sugar, in favor of bringing these important southern Wisconsin industries into competition with many labor were found to be great sources of opposition to the Racine man. However, the gubernatorial contest overshadowed all else.

Davidson's Campaign.  
Governor James O. Davidson is trailing Senator R. M. La Follette this week and is making war on the brilliant federal official in a manner entirely unexpected. Until a week ago it was not suspected, probably not by the plain, unschooled Norwegian executive himself, that he could make an effective campaign speech, but his trip last week around the southwestern part of the state demonstrated that he "takes" mightily with the common people and that he can make an address that is not only keeping his former supporters in line but is actually making inroads upon the La Follette organization which is seeking to secure the nomination of Speaker I. L. Lenroot of Superior as the republican candidate of the republican party of Wisconsin for governor.

Hall's Plan.  
Frank W. Hall of Madison, a prominent attorney and one of the most brilliant orators of the state, who parted company with La Follette two years ago when the then governor controlled the state convention, accompanies the present governor, and it was at the suggestion of Mr. Hall that the speakers' bureau of the Davidson-Connor campaign decided to send Davidson after Senator La Follette. Mr. Hall decided that the effect of the governor's speeches was best in places where the eloquent pompous senator has visited and that the "follow up" campaign ought to be kept up until the primaries are held.

Is Consistent.  
Governor Davidson is maintaining a consistent attitude, standing for the perfecting of all the reform measures enacted under the La Follette administration, and calling upon all citizens, who believe with him to support him at the primary election. This indirect invitation to stalwarts was the occasion for an attack by Senator La Follette early in the campaign, he declaring that any one who would accept stalwart support could not be trusted to carry on the program of reform in Wisconsin.

Ask For Votes.  
The progress of the campaign has shown the La Follette people the futility of this "fight off the stalwart" plan and now the senator and his candidate, Lenroot, are openly begging the stalwarts to come into their ranks. This change in the situation is interesting and rather funny, considering the early declarations of the senator. Indications are that Governor Davidson will be nominated easily and much money is offered to be wagered that he will defeat the choice of La Follette next Tuesday in the primaries.

# GEORGE R. PECK TALKS TO NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

## Former Janesville Man Addresses The Bar Members In Convention In St. Paul Today.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 28.—It was an intellectual-looking assembly of nearly 500 leading jurists and members of the bar that filled the hall of the house of representatives of the state capitol this morning, when President George R. Peck, of Chicago, called to order the twenty-ninth annual meeting of the American Bar Association. After thanking the Minnesota representatives of the profession for the cordial reception tendered the visitors, the president read a short list of the most noted jurists present, who were invited to seats about the rostrum. President Peck then proceeded with the reading of his annual address.

After stating the object of the association President Peck proceeded to review the most noteworthy changes made in statute laws in the several states and by congress during the past year, giving the most salient features of the new enactments. In commenting upon the legislation this summer, Mr. Peck said that the association, in promoting uniformity of legislation, wishes that object effected by a general acceptance of the best forms of legislation, and not by bringing about a general uniformity. The president's address was listened to with closest attention by the distinguished assemblage and several times the speaker was interrupted by applause. The president's address was followed by the annual reports of the secretary, treasurer and executive committee, which were of interest only to the members of the association.

No general session of the association was held this afternoon, but there were conferences of the several sections. William Prager Lewis of the University of Pennsylvania and Charles M. Heyburn of Indiana University spoke before the Section of Legal Education.

The program arranged for the session this evening of the general association provides for papers by Roscoe Pound of Lincoln, Nebraska, on "The Causes of Popular Dissatisfaction with the Administration of Justice," and by John J. Jenkins, chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives, on the subject, "Can Congress Transfer to the State Its Power to Regulate Commerce?"

Peck's Address.  
Mr. Peck's address contained a summary of the important legislation of the past year both in the national congress and in the state legislatures. He dealt at length with the congressional enactments on the subject of railway rates and pure food, as well as the trust legislation of the national government. He said: "Historical jurisprudence, the birth, growth and development of law in its highest sense, is a study it ought to pursue far more assiduously than we do. Self government, the recognition of mutual rights and mutual obligations, is perhaps the highest achievement of the race." He traced the development of government from the primitive form through all the various stages to the highest and most complicated form demanded by modern civilization, and quoting from Maclellan's "Life of the Bee," that "in proportion as society organizes itself and

(Continued on Page 8.)



If John D. would do all the stunts depicted above, we are afraid he would still find the door closed. John D. Rockefeller is unbending and becoming a genial, jolly fellow in the hope of opening the door of public opinion in his favor.—News Items.

# FOUR GREEKS KILLED AT LOVELAND, OHIO

Struck by Train and Were Instantly Killed by the Engine.  
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Loveland, O., Aug. 28.—Four Greek laborers were killed and another fatally injured by being hit by a Baltimore and Ohio southwestern train near here this morning.

# FORGER SAWED OUT OF MICHIGAN PRISON

Men Who Operated in Wisconsin Made Good Their Escape From Manistique Jail.  
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
Manistique, Mich., August 28.—Harry L. Van Anken, who operated in a number of Wisconsin cities, with two others saved their way to liberty through the bars of the jail here last night. Van Anken was in for forgery. They have not been captured.

# FOUR THOUSAND AT LEAGUE GATHERING

Annual Convention of Negro Business Association Opens in Atlanta, Georgia.  
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 28.—Between 4,000 and 5,000 delegates are attending the seventh annual session of the National Negro Business League, which opened in Atlanta today. The formal opening took place this morning in the auditorium of the Bethel A. M. E. church. W. B. Matthews, president of the local branch of the league, called the gathering to order and introduced Rev. E. I. Carter, who delivered the invocation. Mayor Woodward and others welcomed the visitors. The appointment of necessary committees and the transaction of other business of a perfunctory nature was followed by addresses on practical topics. Among them were the following: "Conducting a Laundry," Harry T. Pratt, Baltimore; "Fraternizing Insurance," W. O. Vaise, New Albany, Ind.; "Insurance and Real Estate," W. E. Pollard, Washington, D. C.; "Building and Contracting," Charles A. Whitney, Topeka, Kan.; and R. F. Walker, Macon, Ga.; "Plaster Contracting," John J. Winston, New Orleans.

Booker T. Washington, president of the league, delivered his annual address this evening. Other speakers on the program, who will deal with the progress and prospects of the negro in various lines of business, are C. E. Thomas, M. D., of Anniston, Ala.; J. M. Mosley, M. D., of Fort Worth, Texas; W. O. Emory, M. D., of Macon, Ga.; and G. W. Franklin of Chattanooga.

As set forth in the addresses at the opening session the league stands for the elevation of the negro people in business and commercial directions, but recognizes fully the necessity for work also in other directions; such work, for instance as is being done by numerous religious and secular organizations. During the brief period of its existence the league has given the race new hope and new light and added faith. It has stimulated the entire race in business directions. Largely through its influence nearly 200 local negro business leagues have been organized. Such as merchandizing, banking, real estate dealing, manufacturing, contracting, and others, have been started. Twenty-two banks are now being operated by the race, eight of these in Mississippi alone. No less than fourteen of these banks have been started since the league was organized. Two theatres have also been recently built by negroes for the negro race.

# RUSSIAN CONSUL AT TAPTEW IS KILLED

Russian Concession Contractor Rights a Private Wrong Today.  
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Tientsin, Aug. 28.—The Russian consul, Taptew, was shot in the stomach and dangerously wounded today by a Russian concession contractor named Levineky. The shooting occurred at the Russian consulate.

# REUNION OF FOEMEN IN MANY HOT FIGHTS

Members of Two Organizations That Clashed in Numerous Fierce Battles Meet.  
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
Monongahela, Pa., Aug. 28.—The blue and the gray fraternized here today when many members of the McNeill Rangers were present as guests at the annual reunion of the famous "Ringgold Cavalry." The two organizations met in many hot engagements during the Civil war. Today the veterans rounded up to exchange stories of the stirring war days and to partake of the ample entertainment arranged in their honor by the local veterans and their friends.

# CLOTHIER WINS THE NATIONAL SERIES

Philadelphia Man Now Holds the Championship Title Undisputed.  
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Newport, R. I., Aug. 28.—William J. Clothier of Philadelphia today won the national tennis championship, defeating Beals C. Wright of Boston, the present holder, in straight sets.

# RAIDING DEPUTIES TAKE EXAMINATIONS

Suppressors of Moonshining Are Put Under Civil Service Regulations.  
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 28.—At the various points in North Carolina competitive examinations were held today for clerk and office deputies, storekeepers, gagers and division deputy collectors in the internal revenue service. It is the first time in the history of the civil service commission that "raiding deputies" have had to secure their appointments under civil service rules. It is stated that if the plan proves successful the government will apply the civil service rules to all other internal revenue districts.

# INTERNATIONAL CAT SHOW AT EXPOSITION

Felines of Aristocratic Breed From Two Countries on Exhibition at Toronto.  
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
Toronto, Ont., Aug. 28.—The international cat show under the auspices of the Royal Canadian Cat club opened today as a feature of the Toronto exposition. It is the fifth annual show of the cat club and in number and class of entries it far eclipses its predecessors. The exhibits include the aristocrats of the feline race of every known breed and come from many parts of Canada and the United States. The show will continue three days.

# KAISER'S GRANDSON CHRISTENED TODAY

Son of German Crown Prince, Born Last July Fourth, Blessed in Royal Palace Today.  
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
Berlin, Aug. 28.—The son of the Crown Prince William Frederick and the Princess Cecilia (who was born July 4 last) was christened in the private chapel of the royal palace today in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering of royalty and court functionaries. Among those represented in person or by proxy were the rulers of Great Britain, Austria, Russia and Italy.

Two troops of cavalry, under command of Major George Morgan, ordered to take part in the celebration of the fifth anniversary of the battle of Osawatimie, Kan., arrived there yesterday.

# EIGHT MISSING IN WRECK OF SCHOONER

Lumber Carrying Vessel Went Ashore Off Pacific Grove, California, Last Evening.  
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Pacific Grove, Cal., Aug. 28.—The schooner "Celia," lumber laden, was wrecked on the coast here last night. Eight persons are missing.

The Stockbridge Indians were paid the second payment on Tuesday at Keshena. Those who were not paid at the first payment received \$179.23 and the others \$100 less. About \$30,000 was paid out on Monday and Tuesday. The greater share of this amount will be spent with the merchants of Shawano.

# ONLY A GLIMPSE OF IDOL BRYAN ON LANDING TODAY

## Arrived At Hoboken, But Will Not Be Seen Until Tomorrow. Boats Throng "Princess Irene's" Wake.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
New York, Aug. 28.—Craft of every conceivable kind from the palatial private yacht to the snorting little tugboats went down the bay today to meet the North German Lloyd liner Princess Irene, having on board William J. Bryan and his party. The boats carried hundreds of democrats anxious to greet their idol as the waves of the Atlantic brought him into view. Beyond a possible glimpse of Mr. Bryan at the ship's rail as the Princess Irene steamed slowly through the Narrows and up the inner bay into the North river, the enthusiastic democrats will have no opportunity of seeing or meeting their leader until the proper time arrives.

From the time the steamship ties up at her pier in Hoboken until Mr. Bryan lands at the Battery tomorrow the leader will keep in strict seclusion. He probably will spend the night aboard the yacht of his friend, Mr. Goltra of St. Louis, where he will confer with those who have closest relations with him, personally or politically. The political managers of the distinguished Nebraskan realize that the present is a most critical moment in his career. Silver democrats, gold democrats, socialistic democrats and all the other kinds are here to "look him over." Tomorrow's reception in honor of "the peerless leader" is sure to develop to some degree the respective attitudes toward him of the several democratic factions. It is assumed that after these factions, through their representatives whom they have sent to New York, have seen him and heard his speech in response to the welcome home they will make up their minds as to whether he shall have their support for another nomination for the presidency.

If the democratic national convention were to be held today Bryan would be named for president by acclamation. Whether this sentiment possesses a sufficiently strong foundation to stand the strain of the next two years only time can tell.

Democratic delegations who are to participate in the home-coming continued to pour into New York today. The number of visitors already meets the most sanguine expectations of those in charge of the demonstration. The largest delegations appear to have come from Illinois and Missouri. Next in order as to numbers are Maryland, Virginia, Georgia and the Carolinas. Baltimore will be represented by a party of several hundred and above the arctic circle.

It is but natural that he should desire rest after the globe-trotting tour which came to an end with his arrival in New York today. His journey was begun on Sept. 21 of last year. Since that time he has visited about thirty different lands, in which he has come in personal contact with persons who control the destinies of the world. Among those with whom he has had interviews may be mentioned the Emperor of Japan, the Emperor of Korea, Admiral Togo, the Czar of Russia, Emperor William of Germany, King Edward and numerous others. All the important countries of Asia and Europe were visited, the tour extending both below the equator and above the arctic circle.

# CUBAN REVOLUTION TAKES A THREATENING ATTITUDE

## Despite Reports That It Amounts To Nothing The Rebels Are Now Gaining Ground.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Havana, Aug. 28.—The insurgents have removed the rails from parts of the Cuban Central railroad in the southern part of the province of Santa Clara. The cost of suppressing the insurrection so far has been over a half million dollars.

Another Party.  
Congressman Campos Marqueti is reported to have entered Cabañas in the north coast province of Pinar del Rio with a large band of insurgents.

Comes to America.  
New York, Aug. 28.—An emissary arrived in the city yesterday from the insurgent camp in Cuba bearing messages from Col. Pino Guerra, the rebel leader in the Pinar del Rio province. Among the dispatches was one addressed to the American people. It says the purpose of the insurrectionists is to invite the intervention of the United States for a new election for president.

# T. R. CONGRATULATES RULER OF DENMARK

Roosevelt Cables Message of Sympathetic Joy on Completion of Iceland Cable.  
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Copenhagen, Denmark, Aug. 28.—President Roosevelt cabled King Frederik his congratulations on the opening of the cable to Iceland.

# REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY TO REOPEN

Sufficient Funds Pledged at Meeting in a Large National Bank of Philadelphia.  
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 28.—At a meeting in progress at the office of a large national bank it was stated that sufficient funds have been pledged to enable the Real Estate Trust company to reopen its doors within forty-eight hours. As a preliminary to this the court will be petitioned to dismiss the temporary receivership. The receiver early this afternoon qualified, filing bonds for a million dollars. At the conclusion of the conference of the directors, Earle said the receivership "was only temporary as the bank would be able to resume business at an early day and he believed all the trust fund is intact. The hopeful view of Earl was shared by financial interests generally. John K. Converse, one of the heads of the Presbyterian church, is confident the church funds and investments are intact.

# PACKERS' CHARGED WITH SHORT WEIGHT

City Sealer of Chicago Instigator of Suits—Lard Scales Have Been Wrong.  
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Chicago, Aug. 28.—City Sealer Grohn today directed that suits be instituted against Armour & Co., Morris & Co., Swift & Co. and the Anglo-American Provision Co. on the charge of selling short-weight lard.

# MEN OF NATIONAL NOTE AS SPEAKERS

John Brown's Famous Fight at Osawatimie Will Be Commemorated Elaborately.  
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
Topeka, Kan., Aug. 28.—Preparations have been completed by the cities of Osawatimie for the big celebration tomorrow of the fiftieth anniversary of John Brown's historic fight there. Vice-President Fairbanks, Governor Hoch and other men of national fame are scheduled as speakers.

Nineteen cars of a freight train on the Milwaukee road were derailed and smashed at Porters station, near Beloit, Tuesday afternoon. The accident was due to the spreading of the rails.

# ROUTE CHANGED FOR GOVERNOR DAVIDSON

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
West Salem, Wis., Aug. 28.—Governor Davidson's route was changed today. He spoke at Coon Valley and here today and Sparta this afternoon, and will be at La Crosse tonight. This is the first time he has used trains in place of an automobile. The rest of the week is as scheduled.



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the store-aid carefully for you—then  
do it yourself, and you will not miss  
that buying-opportunity you are look-  
ing for.

## IN SUPPORT OF GOV. DAVIDSON

R. M. BASHFORD OF MADISON  
SPOKE LAST NIGHT.

### HARSH TOWARD LA FOLLETTE

But Lenroot, He Said, Was Able  
Young Man Who Had Been Forced  
Into Campaign Against His  
Better Judgment.

Gov. James Davidson's claims to the support of his fellow-citizens and the injustice of Senator La Follette's unwarranted interference in the campaign were ably and convincingly set forth by Robert M. Bashford of Madison before an audience of 300 people at the Myers theatre last evening. Seated on the platform were: Sen. John M. Whitehead, A. H. Sheldon, County Judge J. W. Sale, A. E. Malcomson, William Tripp, Wilbur Carr, Wilson Lane, Edwin F. Carpenter, David Conger, District Attorney John L. Fisher and others. Mr. Fisher in introducing the speaker said in part: "Ladies and Gentlemen, a man who will address you this evening is particularly qualified to tell you why James O. Davidson should be elected governor. He is intimately acquainted with both candidates. He knows their strong and weak points, their public and private records, the claims of each, and the obligations the people are under to both. He is not a new man in the political game. He represented the people in the state senate. He has lived in Madison for years and is acquainted with the men who have made political history in Wisconsin. In addition to being acquainted with men and events he is known as one of the ablest lawyers in the state. His keen logic will show clearly to each and every one of us the reason why we should support James O. Davidson. It is a personal pleasure for me to introduce him. As a student at the university it was my privilege to study law under him for three years, and to learn to appreciate his high character and ability. I take great pleasure in introducing Robert M. Bashford who is to speak to us on the present gubernatorial situation."

**The Republican Party.**  
In opening his address Mr. Bashford said: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen—I am supporting James O. Davidson because I believe that the best interests of the republican party demand his election; because of his record; because of precedents which have the force of unwritten law; because my acquaintanceship with him has led me to believe that he is the better qualified of the two candidates to discharge the duties of that high office. You notice I place the republican party first. We've just celebrated the semi-centennial of its organization and there is at present on the stage a gentleman who attended the first convention in Wisconsin. The speaker briefly reviewed the history of the organization from its stand on the slavery question in the Civil war to the prosecution of the Spanish war, the establishment of the gold basis, the prevention of the dismemberment of China, the settlement of the Russo-Japanese war, the present administration in the Philippines, and the acts of the last congress relating to beef inspection, the suppression of trusts, and the regulation of interstate commerce. The party of progress had met every issue with equal wisdom and it was of the highest importance that it should be maintained in power. This party was greater than its leaders or office-holders; its success of greater importance than the nomination of any candidate. Alluding to the rate bill and particularly to its amendments the speaker said that they were precisely as recommended by the republican president. He said that he would like to see an additional amendment placing the dividends declared by railroad companies under the jurisdiction of the interstate commerce commission so that the possibility of the directors of such a company as the Union Pacific, which a few years ago was not able to pay what it owed the government, meeting and secretly placing it on a 10 per cent dividend basis and using this secret knowledge to demoralize the market and amass fortunes for themselves, might be precluded. So-called progressive legislation in the various states was also touched upon. The party was responsible for it and no one man was entitled to all the credit and glory."

**Never Denied There Were Issues.**  
The questions in this campaign related more particularly to corporate control. Senator La Follette had represented Gov. Davidson as declaring that there were no issues. The governor made no such declaration. He said that there were no issues between himself and the other candidate on these questions. He might have gone further and have declared that there were no issues between the republicans and democrats of this state on these questions. The democratic party in its platform declared for a measure delegating to common councils of cities the right to regulate the rates charged by quasi-public corporations such as gas and electric light companies. Both republican candidates have declared themselves in favor of a similar program, with the power delegated to a state commission instead of city councils. The wisdom of this is obvious. You all know of the frequent inefficiency and dishonesty of councils, and of extreme reactions which work injustice to corporations when the people are aroused and demand reform. If the interurban from Madison to Janesville is to be built, enabling the people of the Capital City to come down and trade in your stores which are much superior to ours, Madison should not be allowed to fix one rate; Edgerton, another; and Janesville, still another. Another law which has been passed by the legislature and approved by the people is to be tested this fall. We are to see whether it carries out its purpose, whether the people can express their sovereign choice free from the dictation of party leaders. When Senator La Follette made his assertion that Gov. Davidson had declared that there were no issues, the latter retorted that he had identified himself with these issues before La Follette did. As a

member of the legislature in 1893, 1895, and 1897, he supported the measures relating to railroad control and taxation when they were not political issues, when they were not popular, and when it required no little courage to stand by them. When La Follette was nominated in 1900 his platform contained not one word relating to the control of railroads. It was not an issue. The only new issue he raised was the primary election law.

### Treating His Child With Disrespect.

"Let us see if the man who claims to be the father of the primary election law is treating his infant, with respect. In 1896 he was a candidate for governor. La Follette claims that Spooner used his influence to defeat him after he had a majority of the delegates. Let us contrast the conduct of Senator Spooner on that occasion, August, 1896, with that of Senator La Follette at this time. The democrats had met in Chicago and nominated a popular candidate for office on a platform which might appeal to the popular imagination but which was vicious. The craze was on. The importance of carrying Wisconsin for the republican party that year could not be over-estimated. La Follette had antagonized Senator Spooner, who had made generous contributions to the campaign funds on all previous occasions and who was a power in the politics of the state. Spooner had declared that he would not withhold financial aid but that he would use his means to defeat the ticket at the polls. Spooner, at that time claimed the right to speak the word which should control. Who was he? Well, he had four times been named by his party for the senate or the governorship. If any man, by reason of repeated endorsements, was to assume the leadership and dictate nominations, that man was Spooner. Mr. La Follette was defeated and he used his influence to split the party. This year there was no doubt as to the attitude of the men who were candidates. Both had fought side by side. There was no reason why Senator La Follette should say one thing for another. But, assuming that he was the leader, he brought out Lenroot without consulting the leaders of his party or the people. He said that it was a most difficult thing for him to make a choice between two friends. IT WASN'T FOR HIM TO MAKE THE CHOICE—THE PEOPLE ARE TO MAKE THE CHOICE. But he says that he is speaking as Citizen La Follette, not Senator La Follette, all the time knowing very well that distributing as he does the general patronage in the eastern district of Wisconsin, his word is sufficient to control the action of hundreds of office seekers who are looking to him for advancement. If this precedent is to obtain, then each retiring governor will have the right to name his successor and what's the use of the primary election law? If I understand the attitude of the people they will not submit to this sort of dictation and I will be surprised if they do not give him his first lesson through his own law. Five known every republican governor for forty years and everyone of them, save two who had violated their party pledges and who did not dare to ask for it, have been accorded a re-nomination."

### Various Matters Touched Upon.

With regard to the charge that Davidson, while a member of the legislature, supported the co-employee bill and that it is not adequate, the speaker said that it was approved by the attorney representing the railway men's organization at the time, and that if it was not sufficient the blame could scarcely be laid at Gov. Davidson's door. At Monroe a colleague of Gov. Davidson in the assembly had told the speaker that there were not six members of that body at the time who were more useful than he was. He discharged his duties as state treasurer for four years with the highest efficiency and ability. "In one of his speeches up north Sen. La Follette declared 'nationality' in politics. Now that La Follette knows that nationality has always been a factor, at the time he had his hand against you, the distinguished citizen, he conceived the advantage of having two German-Americans on his ticket. The Scandinavians had always had the state treasurer's post, as far back as I can remember. In his emergency Mr. La Follette applied to Mr. Davidson to take the lieutenant governorship (an office paying \$1,000 a year, whereas the treasuryship pays \$5,000), with the understanding, implied at least, that he was to be his successor. When a Chippewa Valley man objected to this procedure, Mr. La Follette said that at the end of the next campaign he might be under the sod and that he wanted to leave the work in the hands of a man capable of carrying it on. Pretty good, indeed, wasn't it? Why was Gov. Davidson permitted to remain on the ticket two years ago if he was not competent? He offered to withdraw. Why did Mr. La Follette resign and go to the senate, if this was the case? He himself, vouched for the fitness of Gov. Davidson when he turned the office over to him last January. The speaker touched upon the absurdity of demanding a lawyer to the office of governor when the attorney general and his assistants must pass on all his recommendations, whether he be a lawyer or not, and ridiculed the 'not a statesman' Lenroot campaign cry, drawing a parallel in the rejection of the late Jerry Rusk by a republican legislature when he was a candidate for the office of railroad commissioner, on a similar ground. Numerous other phases of the campaign, such as La Follette's appeal for stalwart votes and the possibility of Connor being a candidate for the United States senate, were touched upon. In a speech at Neillsville the junior senator had said that it was the highest ambition of his life to have his name associated with the reform movement for which he had stood. "Has no one else a right to have feelings and ambitions," asked the speaker. "The highest ambition of Gov. Davidson is to have his name associated with the movements for which he has stood, to have it written in history that he has been honored by the people in recognition of his services. Now shall the record be so written, or shall it be said that the voters of the state, instigated by a party leader, condemned him as unworthy and sent him to his home dishonored and discredited? Gentlemen, I

cannot believe that this will be your verdict. I believe it will be your pleasure to go to the polls and record your approval of a faithful officer and an upright man."

## MEAN TEMPERATURE AVERAGE WAS HIGH

Despite Two Cool Days at End Last Week Was Warmer Than Normal.

The first half of the week was very warm and sultry while the latter half averaged moderately cool. There were frequent showers over the state during most of the week and they were generally much needed. Monday and Tuesday were two of the warmest days of the season; both the temperature and the humidity being high. The weather was clear until Tuesday afternoon when it became partly cloudy and there were a few light showers at night. Wednesday was somewhat cooler especially in the western and southeastern portions where heavy thunderstorms occurred. By Thursday morning the weather had become cooler in all sections and the temperature was about normal during the remainder of the week. Thursday and Friday were generally cloudy and there were scattered showers during both days in the central and northern portions. The cloudiness gradually decreased during Saturday and Sunday, the weather becoming clear and unusually cool. Sunday night. The mean temperature for the week averaged about four degrees above normal. The highest temperatures were generally recorded on the 20th and 21st and ranged from 87 degrees to 97 degrees. The precipitation was decidedly above the normal for all parts of the state except the southern and out. Conductor G. W. Richardson piloted a regular freight to Milwaukee returning home on the passenger train this morning.

## PUMPKINS ALREADY YELLOW AND RIPE

Have Rushed the Season by Many Weeks—Grapes Also Matured Ahead of Time.

Pumpkins are ripe or nearly so. Not in the memory of the oldest inhabitant has this ever occurred before in the month of August and what seems stranger still, Concord grapes are ripe, too. That's growing some. Pumpkins are not due for six weeks and still they are here—great, yellow fellows, fine and mellow. And Concord grapes don't usually take on the deep purple lustre until along the middle of September, but they are as ripe and luscious now as in the nippy, frosty mornings of the fall. At the present rate, Christmas plum pudding is looked for along about the first of November, but New Year is not expected earlier than usual.

## KICKERS' KOLUM.

**That Dog Question.**  
Editor Gazette: What is our humane society for if they do not prosecute the party that threw acid on a dog as he is well known? Was there a more just cause for prosecution? I have donated at different times to the humane society and can see no reason for further aid if they do not use their authority when needed.

### A LOVER OF DOGS.

**EDGERTON.**  
Edgerton, Aug. 28.—J. E. Jacobson died on Tuesday morning after a lingering illness of consumption. He leaves a wife and two boys to mourn his loss.

Mrs. Clarke and son of Rhode Island are guests of W. H. Clarke of this city.

Mrs. Love is quite ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. J. Cullen.

Miss Daisy Buckridge and Mrs. Griffith, formerly Miss Alice Kelly, of Beloit were over Sunday guests of Mrs. Belle Willson.

J. S. Miller is a guest at the home of N. T. Pomeroy.

Miss Beth Rosenkrantz, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Towne, returned to her home in Oconomowoc on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Levy of Janesville were Sunday visitors at the Cullen home.

Miss Caroline Bergmann left on Monday to attend school at White Water Normal.

Miss Gertrude Spencer left Monday for Minneapolis, where she will teach in the public schools the coming year.

Ed Kaufman was a Janesville visitor on Sunday.

Mrs. L. J. Dickinson entertained a small company on Saturday afternoon in honor of Miss Evelyn Abbott of Madison.

Miss Mabelle Lee of Janesville spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Frank Pierson.

Norma Hargreaves has left for a year at Whitewater Normal.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Nickolas, Mrs. Stang, Misses Mattie Spoon and Jennie Cleland of Janesville are in camp at Fisher's cottage on the river.

### UNCALLED FOR LETTERS.

**GENTLEMEN—**Guss Anderson, A. R. Clark, Louis W. Cheney, M. D. T. D. Callahan, Antonio Capitano, George Dougherty, Castenzio Ferrara, Earl Gyles, Ernest Giff, Nels Hansen, W. E. Hughes, Winfred Holton, S. W. Hannum, Irl Summiva, Hays, I. B. Jackson, S. Jones, Carl Jordan, Fred Lentz, Edward Lehtafut, Harold McKee, John McDonald, J. C. Mason, K. Madsen, Kristoffer Madsen, R. G. McNaughton, Paul Neiberg, Domenico Nantista, T. J. O'Connor, John Olejczyk, C. L. Parks, Giuseppe Pagano, F. A. Rader, Chris. Readstrum, Harry Stoum, H. D. Smith.—Stockbridge.

**LADIES—**Miss Augusta Bergen, Miss Alma Becker, Mrs. Marie Daly, Mrs. Gressett (Dressmaker), Mrs. Etta High, Miss Frances Hinokiy, Miss Margaret Kenney, Miss Alice McKee, Miss Muriel Mills, Mrs. George Nall, Mrs. M. C. Olin, Miss Mary Smith.

C. L. VALENTINE, P. M.  
Aug. 29, 1906.

## LINK AND PIN

**North-Western Road.**  
Freight business has picked up to such an extent in the last few days that every bit of rolling stock and every locomotive is being put in use and new men, both in the motive power and in the train departments, are being employed as fast as applications come and examinations are passed.

Engineer M. A. Crowley and Fireman Buttkie are relieving the engine crew on runs 322 and 318.

Fireman Wright is on Chicago-Janesville runs 590 and 585 in place of Fireman J. E. Heagney.

Engineer Dunwiddie and Fireman Welch are relieving Engineer Spohn and Fireman Townsend on runs 555 and 550.

Miss Alice Harper, stenographer at the freight office, is taking a vacation enforced by sickness.

Brakeman Pitcher has returned to work after being off all summer with an injured foot.

Engineer Coen and Fireman Parshish took a stock train south at 3:45 o'clock this morning.

Frank Griffen, switch tender at the five points, was off duty Monday and Tuesday afternoons.

### St. Paul Road.

Because of the wreck last evening all Milwaukee bound trains from the Southwest came via Janesville. The yards were blockaded a greater part of the night and Conductor T. Brennan was engaged in plotting trains in and out. Conductor G. W. Richardson piloted a regular freight to Milwaukee returning home on the passenger train this morning.

Fireman Hilmeyer was called home to Shullsburg this morning by the sudden death of his mother.

Ten members of the roundhouse force attended John Barry's birthday party last evening and presented the host with a handsome stick pin. Eight young men in all were present and the affair proved very enjoyable. An elaborate supper was served.

Leonard Koch will soon start work on the roundhouse force.

Edwin Mead is firing the switch engine today.

To carry the crowds to Darlington, where the "Big White Fair" is in progress there will be a special train out of here tomorrow and Friday mornings and a special train from Warren, Ill., tomorrow.

Fireman Albert Mahoney is on the C. & M. work train for a few days. Henry Micka of the wiping force was on yesterday.

### SOUTH HARMONY.

The ball game between the Harmony All Stars and the All Tigers resulted in a victory for the latter. Another game is expected in the near future.

Miss Alice McConn returned to her home in Janesville after spending a week at the parental home.

Miss Lulu Howarth has returned home after spending a two weeks' visit with friends in Edgerton.

The Misses Ella, Anna and Ida Schoberle and Mrs. J. E. Atkinson of Shopiere spent the day at Mr. Albert Higgins' and family last Thursday.

The dance at school house district No. 3 last Wednesday evening was largely attended and a good time was reported by all.

Shedding tobacco is the order of the day.

School commences Sept. 3 with Miss Paul of Milton as teacher.

## UP-TO-DATE RESORT FOR CITY NEXT YEAR

Croak-Brewing Co. Has Leased and Will Improve Crystal Springs Park.

Crystal Springs park, comprising four acres of land located on the river three miles north of the city and owned by the Shoemaker estate, has been leased for five years by the Croak-Brewing Co. and will be converted into an attractive summer playground if plans now under consideration are carried out. The projected interurban road to Madison is to pass within ten rods of the property if the route follows the survey that is now in progress and already there are rosy visions of a station on the grounds, "figure eights," chutes, boat livery, bathing pavilions, an up-to-date dance hall, and whatnot. The park was opened several years ago by Alex. Buchholz and has been in charge of Paul Gehrke in recent times.

### JANESVILLE MARKET REPORT

Quotations on Grain and Produce for The Gazette.

Flour—1st Patent, \$1.50 to \$1.60.  
Wheat—Chicago Cash, No. 1 and 2 Northern, 72 to 74c.  
Rye—No. 1, \$1.20 to \$1.30 per ton.  
Barley—No. 1, 45c.  
Oats—No. 1, 30c.  
Timothy Seed—Balls at \$1.35 to \$1.40 a bu.  
Hay—No. 1, \$1.25 to \$1.30.  
Feed—No. 1 corn and oats, \$3.70 to \$3.80 ton.  
Bran—\$18 to \$20 sacked per ton.  
Standard Middlings—\$20.00 sacked.  
Oat Meal—\$1.00 to \$1.15 per cwt.  
Corn Meal—\$3.00 to \$3.10 per ton.  
Butter—No. 1, \$1.00 to \$1.10.  
Eggs—No. 1, 20c.  
Grease—No. 1, 25c.  
Potatoes—No. 1, 50c.  
Beans—No. 1, 10c.

### Excursion Tickets to County Fair at Evansville, Wis.

Excursion tickets to the North-Western Line will be sold at reduced rates September 3 to 7, inclusive, limited to return until September 8, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Buy It in Janesville.

## STANDING OF BALL CLUBS

TABLES SHOWING PERCENTAGES IN VARIOUS LEAGUES.

Javenport Defeats Rock Island in Sixteen Innings, Cedar Rapids and Dubuque Tying in Thirteen.

The following is the standing of the clubs in the various leagues:

NATIONAL LEAGUE		
Clubs	Won	Lost
Chicago	42	14
New York	38	18
Pittsburg	34	22
Philadelphia	32	24
Cleveland	30	26
St. Louis	28	28
Detroit	26	30
Washington	24	32
Boston	22	34

AMERICAN LEAGUE		
Clubs	Won	Lost
Columbus	31	29
Milwaukee	28	32
Indianapolis	26	34
Minneapolis	24	36
Kansas City	22	38
Rock Island	20	40
St. Paul	18	42
Indianapolis	16	44

WESTERN LEAGUE		
Clubs	Won	Lost
Des Moines	28	12
Omaha	26	14
Lincoln	24	16
Denver	22	18
Sioux City	20	20
Pueblo	18	22

CENTRAL LEAGUE		
Clubs	Won	Lost
Grand Rapids	28	12
Springfield	26	14
Canton	24	16
Wheeling	22	18
Evansville	20	20
South Bend	18	22
Terre Haute	16	24

THREE EYE LEAGUE		
Clubs	Won	Lost
Cedar Rapids	28	12
Forist	26	14
Dubuque	24	16
Springfield	22	18
Rock Island	20	20
Decatur	18	22
Davenport	16	24
Bloomington	14	26

Results Tuesday.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.  
Chicago, 8; Cincinnati, 6.  
Pittsburg, 6; Philadelphia, 3-2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.  
New York, 2; St. Louis, 1.  
Cleveland, 3; Boston, 3.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.  
Milwaukee, 5; Toledo, 3.  
Minneapolis, 7; Louisville, 2.  
Kansas City, 2; Columbus, 2.  
St. Paul, 7; Indianapolis, 0.

THREE EYE LEAGUE.  
Cedar Rapids, 1; Dubuque, 0 (16 innings).  
Springfield, 14; Peoria, 0.  
Decatur, 5; Bloomington, 1.  
Davenport, 1; Rock Island, 0 (16 innings).

CENTRAL LEAGUE.  
South Bend, 3-2; Canton, 0-4.  
Grand Rapids, 3; Wheeling, 3-2.  
Springfield, 4-3; Evansville, 2-4.  
Dayton, 6; Terre Haute, 1.

WESTERN LEAGUE.  
Des Moines, 7; Denver, 4.  
Sioux City, 10; Lincoln, 1.  
Omaha, 5; Pueblo, 10.

Tried to Blow Up Bank.  
Soreto, Ill., Aug. 29.—War Lyons, alias Frank Rose, an escaped convict from the Michigan City, Ind., penitentiary, who three weeks ago was surrounded at Charleston, Ill., and escaped by shooting his way to liberty, was captured here Monday night as he was about to blow up the John Beeson bank building.

Fire in Oil Field.  
Beaumont, Tex., Aug. 29.—A boiler exploded in the Keith Ward tract, at Spindle Top at 9:30 p. m. Tuesday setting fire to the oil storage tanks and derricks, 15 of which burned. The best wells in the field are in this tract.

Invited to Peace Conference.  
San Jose, Costa Rica, Aug. 29.—The Costa Rican government has received invitations from the governments of Honduras, Guatemala and Salvador to take part in the peace conference here September 15 and has accepted.

Young People Drowned.  
Fredonia, Kas., Aug. 29.—Dewitt Adams, aged 27 years, and Miss Carroll Jones, aged 17, while returning from church near here, were drowned in attempting to ford the Fall River.

A Name for Thier.  
The great difficulty about having awns with iron teeth is that there are already too many lawyer dentists who make a specialty of pulling such teeth.

We Are Ready to Show You Boerner's "RORIS" and "DELL-BUDS."

McCUE & BUSS, The Druggists

DR. FREDERICK C. LINDSTROM

OSTEOPATH  
Suite 522-23 Hayes Block  
Rock Co. Phone 129  
Janesville, Wis.  
Licensed by Wisconsin Board of Medical Examiners.

Official Notice  
Street Assessment Notice.  
Published by the authority of the common council of the city of Janesville.

Office of the City Clerk  
Janesville, Wis., August 25th, 1906.  
To whom it may concern:  
Notice is hereby given that the final reports of the Street Assessment committee, acting as a board of public works, on improving Riverside street from the Chicago & North-Western Railway company's right-of-way to Stone street and Stone street from Riverside street, to Western avenue by grading and otherwise improved at the expense of the real estate to be benefited thereby, was filed in my office on the 22nd day of August, 1906, and that the common council of the city of Janesville, at a regular meeting thereof, to be held in the council chambers in said city on the 3rd day of Sept., 1906, will consider said reports and hear all objections which may be made thereto, and determine what portion of the cost of the improvement, if any, shall be paid by the city at large.

A. E. BADGER,  
City Clerk.

Excursion to Rockford

A special excursion is announced for next Sunday, September 2nd, from Janesville to Rockford, via the Electric line, including a twenty-mile trip on beautiful Rock river. The river trip will be made on the steamer Illinois, leaving the dock at Rockford at 3:00 p. m. The steamer Illinois is a double-decked steamer, with a carrying capacity of one thousand people. It is lighted throughout with electric lights and is equipped with a large searchlight. A concert will be given on this trip.

The rate for this event will be 75c for the round trip including the boat ride.

Myers Grand Opera House  
PETER L. MYERS, Manager.  
New Telephone





Why go hunting homes all day?  
There's a way more handy.  
Place a Gazette Want Ad and find  
One that is a dandy.

Three Lines Three Times.  
25 Cents.

## WANT ADS.

### WANTED.

- BOARDING** at 305 S. Main street; seven meals for \$1.
- WANTED**—Girls to operate knitting machines. Steady employment. Lewis Knitting Co.
- WANTED**—at once—A dining room girl and a kitchen girl at the Madison Hotel.
- WANTED**—Washing, ironing or housecleaning by competent woman. Now phone red, 980. Mrs. Belle White.
- WANTED**—Bright, active young man to clerk in store; one who is willing to work and get ahead. Address X, Gazette.
- WANTED**—at once—Dining room girl at the Madison Hotel.
- WANTED**—A middle aged man as night watchman. Must be thoroughly reliable. Bring references. Apply to E. M. Marzolf Co.
- WANTED**—Bright boys from 16 to 20 years old. Apply to E. M. Marzolf Co.
- WANTED**—at once—(Competent girl for housework. Mrs. R. C. Denison, 54 South Jackson St.
- WANTED**—A man and wife for farm work. Address No. 7, care Gazette.
- WANTED**—Men: \$2 per day. Janesville Red Brick Co.
- WANTED**—Places where young men and young women can work for board and room. Apply at once to the Southern Wisconsin Business College.
- WANTED**—Ten good men: \$2 per day. D. P. Grossman, 65 Palm St., both phones.
- WANTED**—Men at the Silica Brick and Stone Co.
- WANTED**—Competent girl for housework; no washing. Mrs. Francis C. Grant, 51 Cornelia St.
- WANTED**—at once—A good delivery boy. Inquire at J. P. School's meat market, Corn Exchange.
- WANTED**—Bright boys of eighteen years or over. Western Shoe Co.
- WANTED**—Immediately—A chambermaid, also girls for private houses and hotel work. Mrs. J. M. McCarthy, 375 W. Milwaukee St.
- WANTED**—by girl attending school—Place near high school to work for board and room. Address X, care Gazette.
- WANTED**—A boy and a chambermaid at the New Myers Hotel.
- GIRLS**—Now is your time to come in for first class places at private homes. Good wages. Mrs. E. M. McCarthy, 375 W. Milwaukee St.
- A GIRL**—Wanted to advertise, exchange goods and manage branch of large mail-order store. Salary \$18 per week, expenses paid. Permanent position with advancement. Address X, care Gazette.
- WANTED**—A bright young man to take up course of advanced bookkeeping, in view of taking position. Must be a good penman. A. H. Hayward, 165 E. Milwaukee St. New phone 720.

### FOR RENT

- FOR RENT**—Two nicely furnished rooms for single or gentlemen; with board if desired; centrally located. 114 N. Academy St.
- FOR RENT**—Outside corner offices now occupied by Metropolitan Life, in Hayes block, Main and Milwaukee Sts. Inquire of G. S. Flaherty.
- FOR RENT**—Modern steam heated flats, with bath, gas range, etc. All newly decorated. Inquire at S. D. Grubb's clothing store.
- FOR RENT**—October first—The premises, corner of East and Third Streets. Mrs. L. F. Patten.
- FOR RENT**—Sept. 1st—Part of house for small family. Inquire at 116 Caroline St., Second ward.
- FOR RENT**—Two hundred acres of land, five miles southwest of Janesville. Fine buildings. Call and see the crops; the finest in the county. The old Welch farm. Mrs. Welch, 24 S. Academy St.
- FOR RENT**—Part of house at 100 Prospect Avenue. Rent \$5. Inquire at 17 Milton Ave.
- FOR RENT**—House, barn and three acres of land at 273 Washington St. Inquire at 12 Maple Court or Key Bump, Edgemoor, Route 14.
- FOR RENT**—Pleasantly located, rooms fronting the park, \$5. Inquire at Fredlund's grocery.
- FOR RENT**—Eight-room house and barn in the second ward. Inquire at Kessner's livery.
- FOR RENT**—Steam heated flat in Waverly block, with all modern improvements. Apply to F. L. Stevens, Lovejoy block.
- FOR RENT**—A five-room house, newly papered. Inquire at 41 S. Jackson St. Harry Davenport.
- FOR RENT**—Sept. 1st—Six-room lower flat, with modern conveniences. Inquire at 105 Fourth Avenue.

### FOR SALE

- FOR SALE**—A modern up-to-date house just finished, in the second ward; sold on easy terms. Here is the bargain you are looking for. Scott & Sherman.
- FOR SALE**—Ten pairs of Plymouth Rock Hopper pigeons. Price \$1 a pair. A. G. Kout, 206 North bluff St.
- FOR SALE**—25 pigs, 34 each. Chas. T. Heddes farm. Old phone 322.
- FOR SALE**—A go-cart in good condition, very cheap. 387 S. Main St. Old phone 2331.
- FOR SALE**—Cutlazers, plinks and marigolds, 100 per dozen. 205 Pearl St., old phone 384.
- FOR SALE**—Lumber: good for wood or kindling; good posts 12 and 20 ft. long; good for building. Inquire of George J. Levenhuk, in groups of the old Badger Coal Co., on North Academy St.

for the night; man to do a good business on small capital. Stock all new within two years. Price around \$2,500.

**FOR SALE**—A good lot on sidewalk. Close in, good location for small factory. Price, \$3,000.

**FOR SALE**—Here is a chance for you to get a good business property cheap, located in a good railroad town in Jefferson county, Wis. Fine location for store, bakery or saloon. License \$200. New building 22x30 feet, with good living rooms over store. Barn 18x22. This is a cheap property. Hard and soft water in rooms above. Don't wait, but look it up now. Price, \$2,600.

**FOR SALE**—A nice new 6-room heating furnace, one of the best makes, cost close to \$400. Used two winters. In good repair. Lot alone would bring \$1,500 without any of the improvements. Price, \$3,400.

**FOR SALE**—7-room house, large lot, and a very large barn, 2 blocks from South Main street; a nice house in good repair, very nice kitchen, city water, electric gas, every cheap place, price, \$2,500.

**FOR SALE**—House, barn, well, electric gas and city water on street, and 3 acres of fine land, facing two streets, on car line, the two lots facing Washington street are worth at least \$1200, and the others would be cheap at \$300 each; it will make in all 12 large lots; now is the time to get this property cheap; it's going to be sold. Price, \$2,800.

**FOR SALE**—A dandy little home in the 3d ward, two blocks from street car line. 7-room house, barn, lot, nice fruit for family use, a fine place for the price, \$1,700.

**Farm and Acre Property**

**FOR SALE**—Farm of 103 acres; good house and barn; well fenced and in good state of cultivation. Some timber and pasture; 80 acres under cultivation, located 7 miles from Janesville, 3 1/2 miles from Milton, Jct. Will take small place in city in exchange if price is right. Price, \$60 per acre. Worth the money.

**FOR SALE**—80-acre farm, 1/2 mile from Magnolia and 5 miles from Evansville, Wis. About 15 acres timber, balance floor land and pasture. Clay loam soil; large barn; good house; hen house and other outbuildings; all in good condition. Good well, wind mill and cistern. This is a good farm, only 1/2 mile from good store, creamery, blacksmith shop and school. Farm is owned by a widow lady who has no help to work it. Price, \$5,300.

**FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE**—For house and lot or small farm, 80 acres, 4 1/2 miles from Pittsville, 1 1/2 miles from Hansen, Wood Co., Wis. This is nice level land, free from stone; clay loam; all heavy timber, mostly hard maple; some ash; small spring creek through land; will make fine farm when cleared; timber enough to pay for land and clearing also. Price, \$25 per acre. Bennett, Litts & Co.

**FOR SALE**—75 acres just outside of city without buildings, will sell in lots from 10 to 20 acres or sell to suit buyer. This is fine farming as truck gardening land, located on main traveled road, and cheap at \$110 per acre.

**FOR SALE**—Farm of 75 acres; 7 miles west of Janesville; 40 acres in crop; balance meadow and pasture; new 8-room house; new barn 32x48; old barn and other outbuildings; mill and windmill; creek in pasture; in a high state of cultivation; and cheap at \$80 per acre.

**FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE**—97 acre farm for city property, or small farm, might take large farm. If cheap; located 3 miles from Lime Center and 6 miles from White water, Wis.; about 80 acres of tillable land; balance low pasture land; has fine buildings; 9-room house, built in 1901; all in fine shape; new barn, built in 1899; is 32x60; with other outbuildings, all in good repair; land in fine state of cultivation; this is a bargain for anyone.

**FOR SALE**—Canada lands, improved and unimproved, within one and two hours' drive of the city of Winnipeg; the largest city and best market of the world; 35 to 40 bushels of the best hard wheat per acre on the land; can be bought for \$10 and \$20 per acre; your first crop pays for your farm and then you are independent; no landlord to divide with any more; no crop failures; none of those damp chilly winds that we have in Wisconsin; very healthy for both man and beast; the greatest money-making country in the world today; excursions every first and third Tuesday of each month; call and see us for particulars.

**FOR SALE**—Farm of 35 acres, new house and barn, good land, a nice little home, 2 1/2 miles from Footville and 7 miles from Janesville, land in high state of cultivation.

**FOR SALE**—Farm of 93 acres, 5 1/2 miles from Janesville on Rock Prairie, good house, large barn, horse barn and lots of other outbuildings, 5 acres of extra good timber, land in high state of cultivation. Price, \$100 per acre.

**FOR SALE**—Farm of 101 acres, 7 miles from Janesville, 4 miles from Milton Junction; good house, barn, windmill and well; will exchange for 10 or 20-acre place; price, \$75 per acre.

**FOR SALE**—100 acres, 2 1/2 miles from Sharon, Walworth county. This is a piece of land. Buildings are good, but the price is very low for this farm, only \$55 per acre. This is a great bargain for anyone.

**FOR SALE**—Farm of 80 acres, 1 mile from Footville, Rock Prairie, good house, barn and tobacco shed combined, and other outbuildings, watered with well and nice spring creek, in good state of cultivation, reason for selling is age. Price, \$80 per acre.

**FOR SALE**—20 acres, one mile west of city, with house, barn, tobacco shed for 7 acres of tobacco, good well, best of land for hogs and tobacco. Within one hour's ride of loading station. A bargain.

**FOR SALE**—20 acres just outside of city limits. Soil black loam; fourteen acres in cultivation; 6 acres pasture; a fine poultry and tobacco farm. Large brick house in good repair; good barn, two large sheds for tobacco, two horse houses; good well and windmill; two acres of fruit of all kinds. Located on main traveled road. This is splendid land for truck gardening, high state of cultivation. Owner's reason for selling is to get larger farm.

**FOR SALE**—A dandy little home in the 3d ward, two blocks from street car line. 7-room house, barn, lot, nice fruit for family use, a fine place for the price, \$1,700.

**FOR SALE**—80-acre farm, 1/2 mile from Magnolia and 5 miles from Evansville, Wis. About 15 acres timber, balance floor land and pasture. Clay loam soil; large barn; good house; hen house and other outbuildings; all in good condition. Good well, wind mill and cistern. This is a good farm, only 1/2 mile from good store, creamery, blacksmith shop and school. Farm is owned by a widow lady who has no help to work it. Price, \$5,300.

**FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE**—For house and lot or small farm, 80 acres, 4 1/2 miles from Pittsville, 1 1/2 miles from Hansen, Wood Co., Wis. This is nice level land, free from stone; clay loam; all heavy timber, mostly hard maple; some ash; small spring creek through land; will make fine farm when cleared; timber enough to pay for land and clearing also. Price, \$25 per acre. Bennett, Litts & Co.

**FOR SALE**—75 acres just outside of city without buildings, will sell in lots from 10 to 20 acres or sell to suit buyer. This is fine farming as truck gardening land, located on main traveled road, and cheap at \$110 per acre.

**FOR SALE**—Farm of 75 acres; 7 miles west of Janesville; 40 acres in crop; balance meadow and pasture; new 8-room house; new barn 32x48; old barn and other outbuildings; mill and windmill; creek in pasture; in a high state of cultivation; and cheap at \$80 per acre.

**FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE**—97 acre farm for city property, or small farm, might take large farm. If cheap; located 3 miles from Lime Center and 6 miles from White water, Wis.; about 80 acres of tillable land; balance low pasture land; has fine buildings; 9-room house, built in 1901; all in fine shape; new barn, built in 1899; is 32x60; with other outbuildings, all in good repair; land in fine state of cultivation; this is a bargain for anyone.

**FOR SALE**—Canada lands, improved and unimproved, within one and two hours' drive of the city of Winnipeg; the largest city and best market of the world; 35 to 40 bushels of the best hard wheat per acre on the land; can be bought for \$10 and \$20 per acre; your first crop pays for your farm and then you are independent; no landlord to divide with any more; no crop failures; none of those damp chilly winds that we have in Wisconsin; very healthy for both man and beast; the greatest money-making country in the world today; excursions every first and third Tuesday of each month; call and see us for particulars.

**FOR SALE**—Farm of 35 acres, new house and barn, good land, a nice little home, 2 1/2 miles from Footville and 7 miles from Janesville, land in high state of cultivation.

## Forty Years Ago..

Janesville Daily Gazette, Wednesday, August 29—"Come, Where My Love Lies Dreaming."—The Senior editor acknowledges the compliment of a delightful serenade last night, by some persons unknown to this department. They have our thanks and are cordially invited to do some more.

An Efficient Railroad Superintendent.—The Madison Journal is the following to say:

Crossing to North McGregor by the railroad company's ferry boat at Alameda, we found on landing at the other side that there was some apprehension, in consequence of heavy rains during the night, that the train on the McGregor & Western Railroad might not be able to go through. We started out, however, with the efficient Superintendent of the road, Mr. William E. Shroust (formerly freight agent of Janesville) on board, who kept at the front of the train, carefully looking out for dangerous places, and stopping to mend the ways and repair the bridges in one or two places under his direction, we went through in safety, and reached Conover not a few days ago.

much behind time.

We know a few railroads in the West the construction of which has involved greater difficulties than the McGregor & Western. For the first twenty miles or so, and we do not wonder that more or less has been done on two or three surveys before the road was finally located and built. Glard Creek, or Bloody Run, up the romantic valley of which the road runs, is a very crooked stream, hemmed in by precipitous and rocky bluffs, and the construction of the road, involved numerous bridges—these are thirty-six within eleven miles—many embankments, much cutting through rocky points, and numerous short curves and steep grades. Of course in times of freshets, a road thus located is peculiarly subject to injury, and only two or three weeks ago a heavy rain swept away fourteen bridges and considerable track on this road, and it has been only by the unrelenting and energetic efforts of Superintendent Shroust and the entire force of the road that it was repaired in a few days ago.



William Warner.

Senator from Missouri.

## Suburban News in Brief

### UTTERS CORNERS

Utters Corners, Aug. 27.—Zerah Hardy and son, Ernest, and E. Graham and family of Whitewater visited at Myron Penner's Sunday.

Miss Anna Taft visited Miss Nettie Farnsworth and Mrs. Dora Hull, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Franz Krueger of Richmond visited Mr. and Mrs. George Roe Friday.

The Misses Anna Taft, Beatrice Whitney and Nettie Farnsworth attended the Epworth League rally of Group No. 2 held at Milton Junction Saturday.

Sullivan Taft and family attended the birthday surprise party given Mrs. James Smith in Whitewater Friday.

Mrs. D. L. Hull visited relatives at Rome from Thursday until Sunday. F. Saunders and family called on friends here Sunday evening.

G. H. Roe and Roy Farnsworth made a business trip to Jefferson Tuesday.

Mrs. Samuel Hull spent a portion of last week at the home of her sister, Mrs. James Smith, in Whitewater.

Miss Genevieve Pencock of Whitewater is spending the week with her grandfather and other relatives here. The Baptist society of Johnstown gave a social at the home of Mrs. George Roe, Sr., Wednesday night of this week.

E. Kosherick spent Thursday in Hebron.

B. W. Farnsworth and wife are visiting relatives at Cresco, Iowa.

Mrs. Jontie Waters and Miss Mary Kline of Whitewater called on friends here Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Warner of Whitewater visited at Roy Farnsworth's Monday.

Rev. Allen of Richmond called on friends here Tuesday. Mr. Allen has recently returned from a four days' attendance at the M. E. camp meeting at Kilbourn City.

Mrs. Robert Goodline spent a portion of last week with Miss Mae Turner at Bowers.

The schoolhouse in district No. 11 is being papered and painted this week. School begins Sept. 3 with Miss Nora Zandke of Whitewater as teacher.

**JOHNSTOWN CENTER**  
Johnstown Center, Aug. 27.—Mrs. Harry Fellins of St. Paul, Minn., was building friends here goodbye last week, preparatory to her departure for home.

Mrs. Ernest Walker and children visited at Landis Tiffany's in Richmond last Friday.

Miss Lily Peabody of Janesville is visiting her sister, Mrs. O. B. Hall. Miss Eva McCulluck of Milton Junction visited her aunt, Mrs. Eva Hall, last week.

Carl Diedrick is working in Koshkonong the first of the week. Frank Weber and family of Grass Lake visited at W. J. Hall's Sunday.

Mrs. Chandler were Richmond callers Sunday.

**HARMONY**  
North Harmony, Aug. 27.—Mrs. McMillan of Whitewater and Mrs. Brant from Michigan visited Mrs. Flora Rice Tuesday.

Leg Wilcox of Roscoe, Ill., is visiting relatives here.

Prof. Fred Whitford and wife visited at Frank Summerbell's recently. David Gray is building a larger house of cement blocks. He will have one of the nicest residences in the vicinity.

H. A. Betts was home for a few hours Monday and reports having a delightful time at the Rockford Chautauque.

Katie Rooney, who has been seriously ill, at E. L. Bingham's is improving under Dr. Binnewies' care.

Mrs. Mark Bonewell of Philadelphia, Pa., is visiting her niece, Mrs. George Wilcox, and family.

Adelbert Rice and family visited at Whitewater Sunday.

Bert Giessemy started for Pesho, S. D., Tuesday with the view of locating there if suited with the country.

S. P. Kline, a laundry clerk, who went to Atlanta, Ga., from Savannah, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor.

**"Just rub it with Lavaline"**

Big Can 10c

There are many preparations for cleaning and polishing brass and other bright work—nine out of ten of them leave worse discolorations than they remove. But "just rub it with Lavaline" and see the difference. Just slightly wet a cloth or brush and apply to the article and finish with a soft rag.

**WHERE LAVALINE SHINES**

There are many preparations for cleaning and polishing brass and other bright work—nine out of ten of them leave worse discolorations than they remove. But "just rub it with Lavaline" and see the difference. Just slightly wet a cloth or brush and apply to the article and finish with a soft rag.

Milwaukee, June 14, 1906. LAVALINE MFG. CO., Milwaukee, U.S.A. Gentlemen:—I am well pleased to testify to the merits of Lavaline as a great cleanser. I find it the best thing for cleaning brass, cutlery, woodwork, painted walls, bath tub, sink, etc. (Signed) MRS. E. J. EDWARDS, 925 Winchester St.

**AT ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS**

LAVALINE MFG. CO., Milwaukee, U.S.A.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Diedrick and

## WRITE S.S.S. OUR PHYSICIANS

While we have the utmost confidence in the curative powers of S. S. S. in all blood troubles, yet we realize that in some cases causes unknown to the patient often hinder the best effects of the medicine. For this reason we have maintained for many years a branch to our business known as "Our Consultation Department." This department is composed of regularly graduated and licensed physicians who have made blood and skin diseases their special study, and who are employed solely to advise and help, without charge, those who use S. S. S. Thousands of people have been cured of blood and skin diseases of every kind by the use of S. S. S., and many of those who, perhaps, at first did not find the results entirely satisfactory, wrote our physicians a full statement of their case, and a little advice hastened the cure. We have nothing to sell you, and the only reason for writing you to write to us is that we may use every effort to see that you get the best result from the medicine. You can then help us by advising your friends to use S. S. S., which you will know from experience is all we claim for it. You can write with the assurance that all correspondence is held in strictest confidence, and that our physicians will give you helpful advice without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

## SPECIAL VALUES IN READY-TO-WEAR LINES

Closing Prices On Desirable Garments.

No better time is ever presented to buy Suits, Separate Skirts, Waists and many other lines of ready-to-wearables than now, just when there are yet a number of weeks to wear them before the need of fall weights. As an example, your attention is called to the Wool Suits, of which there is a good selection of sizes from 32 to 44 and especially in black with a number of mixtures. Some of these suits were up to twenty dollars, now selling at a choice for \$8.

The Coats, such as black, silk or broadcloth etons, white satin lined throughout, were originally \$13.50 to \$16.50, now \$7.50.

Covert Coats, a number of them at \$5, same in 45-inch lengths, \$6.75.

Half prices takes any White Duck Suit. Reduced and special prices on all lines of Shirt Waists. Half price for most of the Hats in the millinery department.

**Simpson DRY GOODS**

## Home-Seekers' Rates

ONE FARE PLUS \$2

For the round trip with minimum of \$7 every Tuesday during September, October, November and December, 1906, inclusive, from St. Paul and Minneapolis to points in

Minnesota, North Dakota, Manitoba, Western Ontario and the Canadian Northwest

and on the first and third Tuesdays during September, October, and November, 1906, to points in

Montana and Idaho, Northeastern Oregon, Eastern Washington and Eastern British Columbia.

See the finest agricultural lands in the Great Northwest. Low rates afford an excellent opportunity to secure a farm in a rich and growing country, where yields are large, where excellent markets are near at hand and where irrigated districts present splendid opportunities and sure crops. Tickets bear final return limit of 21 days, with liberal stopover privileges.

Go West via the

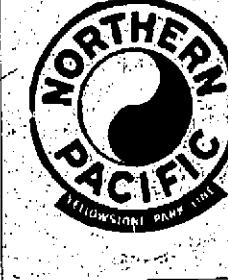
## Northern Pacific Railway

Between St. Paul and Minneapolis and the Pacific Northwest

A. M. Cleland, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

For free booklets and information about land, write C. W. Mott, General Immigration Agent, St. Paul, Minn. For rates and information write

C. C. Trott, Dist. Pass. Agent, 316 Railway Exchange Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.



### Additional Weekly Classified Service

—No Increase in Rate.

The rate on classified advertising in the Semi-Weekly Gazette in the future will be the same as the Daily Gazette, that is, 3 lines 3 times for 25c. This will give the advertiser on an investment of 50c 3 insertions in the Daily Gazette and 3 insertions in the Semi-Weekly Gazette of a 3 line advertisement. It will also give the advertiser a circulation of over 6,000. The rate on classified matter in the Semi-Weekly Gazette heretofore has been 5c per line, so that the change in the rate to 3 lines 3 times for 25c will induce much extra use of this edition.

### JAMES MILLS, M. D.

Specialist in the diseases of the

Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat.

Glasses Accurately Fitted.

Office—25 West Milwaukee St.

Both phones. JANEVILLE, WIS.

Profit by others' experience and make use of the want ad columns.

### Saves Hard Work

6-5-4 is prepared particularly for GAS COOKING RANGES and is also a labor saving substitute for blacking on the sides of any cook stove burning hard coal. It is better than an enamel for STOVE PIPES or WIRE SCREENS; it covers more surface, is applied easier, dries quicker and wears longer.

6-5-4 Kills Rust

For sale by A. L. McNemara and A. H. Sheidon Hardware Co., Janesville.







## Had to Come to Janesville.

A Beloit lady consulted a leading dentist of her city and said: "Doctor, if you can do my work without hurting me, you may have my patronage."

The dentist got mad in a minute and replied: "Nobody can do painless work."

"I know better than that," replied the lady, "for I have been to a Janesville dentist who never hurt me in the least."

"Well, you better go back to him," said the ruffled dentist.

And she took the next car to Janesville where Dr. Richards did her work as she desired. Painlessly.

She said on leaving, "Dr. Richards, you never hurt me a bit."

"It's queer, isn't it, that while scores of dignified, ethical dentists declare most emphatically that there is no such thing as painless dentistry."

Yet Dr. Richards goes right along serenely doing that very thing and the people are standing by him for they appreciate efficiency and skill.

Office over Hall & Sayles' Jewelry Store, West Milwaukee street.

## POSTOFFICE TO HIGHEST BIDDER

WHY SHORT WAS NOT APPOINTED AT LAKE GENEVA.

### ARE STARTLING DISCLOSURES

Did Cooper Really Know That the Office Was Being Bartered Off?

Another phase of the opposition to the return of Congressman H. A. Cooper to congress developed this afternoon in Walworth county, when circulars setting forth startling charges regarding the disposal of the Lake Geneva postoffice were put in circulation, including sworn statements that the office was offered for sale to one R. D. Short for fifty dollars a month, the money to be paid to Fred Kull, Congressman Cooper's campaign manager for the county. The charges have been made months ago, but nothing so definite as sworn statements were presented to the public until this afternoon.

From the affidavit it appears that Fred Kull, a prominent supporter of Congressman Cooper, went to R. D. Short, an aspirant for postoffice honors, and told him he could have the office if he paid him (Kull) fifty dollars a month during his tenure of office. Mr. Short makes an affidavit to this effect sworn before a notary. He also states that when he refused and asked Kull what he would do if he had signed the note requested and then refused to pay it, Kull is alleged to have replied that he would sell the note.

Congressman Cooper's connection with the matter appears to be in the fact that he was notified of the action of Mr. Kull and that even in view of this fact made the appointment of the present postmaster upon Kull's recommendation and without any endorsement by business men, who were surprised to know the successful aspirant was a candidate until his appointment was made public. Mr. Kull is still acting as Cooper's campaign manager and on a visit of Mr. Cooper to Lake Geneva was told by Mr. Short in the presence of many others of what had transpired, and made no comment upon it.

The publication of Short's affidavit and of a letter written by Kull to George R. Short, an employee of the state administration and a son of R. D. Short, has created a sensation in the county. The matter is being given wide publicity and may possibly be taken up by the postoffice officials. The following is a copy of the affidavit of Mr. Short and it is followed by a letter from Fred Kull written to George R. Short at Madison in which the fifty-per-month agreement between Mr. Short, elder, and Kull is referred to. The whole affair is startling in the extreme and Cooper's attitude throughout has aroused the business-men of Lake Geneva to take some radical action.

"State of Wisconsin, Walworth county."

"R. D. Short, being first duly sworn, on oath says: that he is a candidate for the office of postmaster at the city of Lake Geneva, Walworth county, Wisconsin; that on or about the 20th day of January, 1906, affiant was in the office of Fred Kull, in said city, discussing with said Kull and one E. P. Wheeler, matters connected with affiant's candidacy; that at that time said Kull prepared upon his typewriter and read to affiant and requested affiant to sign a promissory note, payable to the order of said Kull, for the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars, in installments of fifty dollars each month for four years, with interest at the rate of six per cent, per annum; which was to be compensated said Kull for using his influence in securing the appointment of this affiant as such postmaster.

"That affiant refused to sign the said promissory note and then and there stated to said Kull that if such a thing became public it would ruin him, Kull, politically, to which Kull replied that he 'would simply deny it'; that affiant then asked Kull as follows: 'Supposing I should sign that note and when you tried to collect it I should refuse to pay it and state the circumstances under which I signed it, what would you do?' and Kull replied: 'I would sell it,' and that affiant immediately left the office of said Kull. That on or about February 6th, 1906, and about a week after affiant had refused to sign said note affiant saw said Kull in Lake Geneva and Kull told him that he, Kull, had been to Washington and had seen Mr. Cooper, that it would be impossible for him, Short, to be appointed, but that it would be 'a cinch' for him, Kull, to get one Henry White appointed; and that since said last mentioned time said Kull has been actively engaged in supporting the candidacy of said White.

"R. D. SHORT.

"Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of February, A. D. 1906.

H. A. BURDICK, Notary Public, Wisconsin.

"H. A. Burdick, Notary Public, Walworth Co., Wis.—Notary Seal."

"Lake Geneva, Wis., Jan. 4, 1906.

"Mr. Geo. H. Short, Madison, Wisconsin.

"My Dear George: Yours of yesterday received. It was through my efforts that we learned of the protests that were being sent in against your letter. Mr. Wheeler had gone to Beloit and I phoned him to see Cooper there at all costs and learn the situation and urge the appointment of your father.

"I have written Cooper a long and strong letter. Also La Follette again. We are hustling in other letters daily. You may rest assured I shall not leave a stone unturned. Apparently it would be most easy to get it for someone else, but you can depend upon it that we will hold for your father.

"You say in your letter: 'Under our agreement it is up to you and Mr. Wheeler to do something in this matter.' Well, now, George, we surely are doing something. I speak of this because I don't want any strings on the matter when the appointment is made. I consider that I gave up a sure thing for your father and I am looking to you and to him that the agreement is sacredly kept—50 per cent.

"French and his crowd are certain-

ly playing dirt to make any protest. They intended, of course, that we should never know of that. If we would adopt similar tactics where would they be? I have put this all up to Cooper and demanded that he give us a chance to refute specific charges against your father. Also asked him if we should go after the present incumbent.

"I understand fully the position this places you in and you can depend upon it I shall do my best to help bring about success.

"Very truly yours,

"FRED KULL."

## MISS SHURTLEFF TO BE MARRIED AT 6, TO MR. MULBERGER

Will Stand Before Bank of Daturis and Palms—Many Handsome and Exquisite Gifts.

One of the prettiest home weddings of the season will occur at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Shurtleff, 207 South Main street, this evening, when their daughter, Claribel, will be the bride of Mr. Henry Mulberger of Watertown. The ring service will be read by Rev. R. M. Vaughan in one of the parlors, the principals standing before a bank of foliage fronted by white gates. An immense datura tree, in all the beauty of full bloom, stands in the center of the bank of palms, determining the floral scheme of white and green. The bride is to be crowned in a handsome creation of white satin, trimmed with Maltese lace and pearls and will carry a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. Miss Alice Farnsworth will be the maid of honor and Mr. Charles Mulberger of Watertown will attend the groom, his brother. During the ceremony the Knell and Hatch orchestra will render Lohengrin's wedding march.

Only the immediate relatives of Miss Shurtleff and Mr. Mulberger will be present. They will be received in the parlor, which is beautified in pink and green, roses and ferns predominating in the decorations. After the wedding refreshments will be served in the dining room, the direction of Mrs. Louise Bauman, caterer. In this room the decorations are of white roses, palms and ferns.

Mr. and Mrs. Mulberger will depart this evening on a honeymoon trip of a week or ten days. Their destination is in the east. Upon returning they will take up their residence in Watertown where Mr. Mulberger has large business interests.

Many magnificent and costly gifts have been received. Among them is a set of silver of one hundred and twenty-five pieces, a piano and piano, a handsome silver tea set, and the exquisite diamond brooch for the bride and numerous pieces of cut glass and hand painted china and water color pictures.

The bride is among the most popular of Janesville young ladies and congratulations come from hosts of friends. The groom is cashier of the Wisconsin National Bank of Watertown, manager of the Globe Milling works there and an ex-mayor of that city.

Among the guests from out of the city are: General and Mrs. Soliday, Charles Mulberger and Mayor Arthur Mulberger of Watertown; Mrs. N. P. Valerius and Master Henry Valerius of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Van Ness of Lodi, Mr. L. C. Van Ness of Memphis, Tenn., and Miss Belle Neale of Chicago.

## CHIMNEY FIRE AT 190 RACINE STREET

And an Accidental Repetition of Alarm by Transmitter Kept Department Busy This Noon.

At twenty minutes to twelve this morning the fire department was summoned to the home of John Cullen, 190 Racine St., to attend to a bad chimney fire. The smoke outlet was almost totally clogged with soot and the interior of the home was slightly damaged by the same. Otherwise the loss was nominal. Through an accident a second alarm was rung at twelve. The machine which transmits the alarm had not been reset and repeated it in lieu of the regular noon-hour signal.

Card of Thanks.

I wish to thank the neighbors that were present at the time of my little baby's death and afterwards, and by their sympathy helped lighten my sorrow. For the flowers also, I am grateful.

JOE MATTEO.

## POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

My nomination papers for the office of Member of the Assembly on the Republican ticket for the second district of Rock county have been filed. It is agreeable to the voters of that district I shall be pleased to receive their support at the polls on next Tuesday.

The district comprises the City of Janesville and the towns of Harmony, Johnston, Bradford and La Prairie.

PLINY NORCROSS.

Ten Thousand Dollars' Worth of Stock can be purchased in the North West.

My Dear George: Yours of yesterday received. It was through my efforts that we learned of the protests that were being sent in against your letter. Mr. Wheeler had gone to Beloit and I phoned him to see Cooper there at all costs and learn the situation and urge the appointment of your father.

"I have written Cooper a long and strong letter. Also La Follette again. We are hustling in other letters daily. You may rest assured I shall not leave a stone unturned. Apparently it would be most easy to get it for someone else, but you can depend upon it that we will hold for your father.

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"French and his crowd are certain-

## TRIAL POSTPONED TO SEPTEMBER 10.

Louis Beck and Archie Danks, Accused of Aiding in Theft of Brass, Allowed to Sign Own Bonds.

Louis Beck and Archie Danks, the two youths suspected of being implicated with Fred Hermann in the theft of 32 pounds of brass faucets from the Hiawatha Springs Bottling works about a fortnight ago, appeared in municipal court this morning. The date of trial was again postponed, this time to Sept. 10 when a jury will be drawn. The actual taking of testimony will not be commenced until the day following. Judge Fifield permitted the two young men to sign their own bail bonds of \$500, which practically amounted to their being released on their own recognizance.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

You are invited to see Fitchett's dahlias at Falmouths Thursday. See Fitchett's show of dahlias at Heimstreet's Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Miller and two daughters have gone to Seattle, Wash., to reside.

Miss Angie M. Sanborn and grandson Lawrence Sanborn, have gone to Rhodes, North Dakota, to visit relatives.

David Young was at the Big White Fair in Burlington today.

Mrs. Fred Bimpee and children and Miss Leah Rowe went to Lake Koshong this morning.

Mrs. Dolie Venable mother and daughter, Miss Sarah Venable, have departed for Redbank, New Jersey, where they will live.

Lon Morrison has returned from a visit with his parents in Brooklyn, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. French were at the Woodstock fair today.

Mr. and Mrs. William Nickolas, Mrs. Shuang and the Misses Mattie Spoon and Jennie Cleland are occupying Fisher's cottage on the river near Edgerton.

Joseph Niland is in Milwaukee. F. D. Knapp is in Milwaukee.

Mr. Brook of Burlington, accompanied by Edith Brook, Mrs. Ingledew and Edith Garrett came to Janesville on Sunday in Mr. Brook's automobile and were guests of Misses Mary and Frank Fifield. Mrs. Ingledew remains for a short stay.

Miss Julie Wilson returned yesterday from Minneapolis where she has been visiting for the last two weeks.

Mrs. K. L. Dodge left this morning for her home in Long Beach, Cal. She has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Wood, 59 Milwaukee Ave., for the past three months.

Mr. and Mrs. John V. Norcross and family of Chicago, are visiting relatives in this city.

Miss Emma Regis of Milwaukee is a Janesville visitor.

Miss Louise M. Siebel returned last evening from a visit in Grand Rapids.

Mrs. George Newcomb, who has been visiting Mrs. Philip Butler, 206 Center street, has departed for her home in Fanchester, Iowa.

Miss Nellie Schaffer, who has been a guest of Mrs. J. W. Brown, South Main street, departed yesterday for her home in Kansas City.

Mrs. Elizabeth Rodgers of Chicago, High Chief manager of the Women's Catholic Order of Foresters, who was a guest of Mrs. P. C. Turbat, South Jackson street, during the recent session of the lodge in this city, has departed for her home.

After a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Philip Knippenberg, Mrs. F. C. Angel and son Robert, and Mrs. D. J. Billig departed for their homes in Sioux Falls, South Dakota, yesterday.

Mrs. Ida Davis left for her home in Milwaukee this morning. She was called here by the sickness of her sister, Miss Grace Thornton.

Dr. James Mills was called to Delavan yesterday in consultation with Dr. Rood.

The King's Daughters of the Baptist church will meet Thursday afternoon in the church parlors at 2 o'clock. Picnic tea will be served at five.

Miss Mae Huntress was guest of honor at a party at Edgerton last Friday afternoon given at the home of her cousin, Miss Bernice Brown. Twenty-six young ladies were present.

E. C. Topping of Delavan is in the city today.

W. H. Goodrich of Milton was in the city last evening.

W. J. Getts and W. B. Barbour of Rockford were Janesville visitors last night.

C. C. Wood of Stoughton is transacting business here.

F. J. Bontell of Beloit was a Bowe City visitor today.

M. M. Walsh of Ft. Atkinson was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. M. McCoy of Waukesha were Janesville visitors last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Slaughter of Fairchild, Wis., were in the city last evening.

George H. Swits of Rockford was in the city last night.

W. L. Hamis of Whitewater was a Janesville visitor last evening.

## BRIEF LOCAL NEWS.

Presbyterian Church: Services will be resumed next Sunday at the Presbyterian church. Sermon in the morning at 10:30; Sabbath school, 12; Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30; and preaching again at 7:30. Vacation season is nearing its close and it is confidently expected that everybody will be in his place next Sunday ready for a vigorous and an active fall work. J. W. Laughlin, minister.

Dave Brown's Big Problem: Four tiny pigs, bereft of their mother after one day on earth, were left at Dave Brown's feed-store on Court street yesterday and he is making the experiment of tiding them through their infant lives with a rubber-shed bottle. The little suckers are taking kindly to the treatment, eight times a day and will doubtless grow up to be strong, healthy, and prosperous old hogs.

WEATHER

Temperature last 24 hours taken U. S. registered thermometer at Heimstreet's drug store: 7 a.m., 64; at 3 p.m., 76; highest, 76; lowest, 62; wind, west; pleasant.

## PICNIC OF GROCERS WAS A BIG SUCCESS

Between Eight and Nine Hundred People Participated in Festivities at Crystal Springs Park.

Between eight and nine hundred people participated in the annual picnic given under the auspices of the Janesville Grocers' Association at Crystal Springs park yesterday and a delightful time was enjoyed by all. Capt. Gehlke with two boats furnished a half-hour service throughout the day. The ball game between the teams representing the clerks and proprietors was called at eleven o'clock. Lutz and Bair composed the battery for the proprietors and Walter Carle and John O'Grady were the hope and confidence of the clerks. The confidence was not misplaced. For Carle, besides nuzzling and bewildering the "old boys" with his curves, made a home run and Dugan distinguished himself by lining out a three-base hit. The game ended with the score 10 to 6 in favor of the clerks. After the symposium dinner had been served there tub races and picnicking contests and the award of prizes for the fat man and the lean man, the pretty girl and the old man, George McKee and Bert Van Houten, with their launches daily decorated with Chinese lanterns, were the principals in a water carnival in the evening and the beautiful sight was thoroughly appreciated by the spectators. The Imperial band played at intervals during the day and Crandall's orchestra provided the inspiration for an enjoyable dance in the evening.

## FAMILY OF DOGS TIED UP IN BAG

And Dumped in River This Morning Landed on Rock and Failed to Drown—Had to be Shot.

Some unfeeling and depraved specimen of humanity for whom the whim of a moment or anything short of the rack would be too gentle a torture, tied a female dog and her puppies in a bag this morning and dropped the same into the river from the Montevideo bridge. The bag and its prisoners landed on a rock about two inches below the surface of the stream and the wails of the half-drowning creatures stirred the whole neighborhood. City Marshal Appleby was called to the scene and as no boat was available he had to shoot into the bag with his magazine gun until the sounds of suffering were silenced and he was certain that life was extinct.

Buy it in Janesville.

## Home Grown Melons 3 for 10c.

Osage, 10c each.

Rockyford, 4 for 25c.

Yellow or White Michigan Peaches, regular 1-5 size baskets, 35c.

Michigan Plums, \$1.20 case.

Ripe Tomatoes, 20c peach basket.

Celery, 5c large stalk.

Home made Peanut Butter.

Maraschino Cherries.

ELSIE CHEESE

ROSE LEAF TEA

O. G. JAVA COFFEE

Perfection at 38c lb.

Try it.

DEDRICK BROS.

THE PRESERVING SEASON

Is Now In Full Swing.

SUGARS

Granulated, 43c lb., 21 lbs. \$1.00; 25 lb. Cloth Bags \$1.10; Powdered, 54c lb., 19 lbs. \$1; Loaf, 54c lb., 19 lbs. \$1.00.

"SOVEREIGN PICKLING SPICE"

A blend of choice whole spice, seed and carefully proportioned to produce accurate results.

"MAKES PICKLES RIGHT."

10c Per Package 1 Check Given 10c

THE UNION PACIFIC TEA CO.

18 S. Main St., Janesville, Wis. Telephone New 1036.

WE DELIVER.

## SIXTY FRIENDS AS INVITED GUESTS

Of Judge and Mrs. C. L. Fifield and Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Fifield in Double Anniversary Celebration.

Judge and Mrs. Charles L. Fifield and Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Fifield celebrated their seventeenth and first wedding anniversaries in company with seventy-five friends at the home of the first-named on Jackson street last evening. The guests, however, did not learn of the commemorative nature of the festivities until long after their arrival. An six-handed euchre party professedly and was awarded the first prize for ladies, Mr. Len Wilcox, winning the gentlemen's honors, and Miss Amoret Whitton and A. E. Burnham being awarded the consolation honors. A tempting luncheon was served at small tables at eleven o'clock.

On a "Quad" Bike: Don Sorenson, Lee Berg, Frank Finnegan and John Wootton, all of Beloit, made a trip to Janesville on a four-saddle bicycle to day and attracted considerable attention on the streets.

## DO YOU KNOW

That this bank pays three per cent interest on certificates of deposit if the money is left six months?

That two per cent is paid if the money is left four or five months?

That there is \$300,000 back of all our obligations.

That we have been in business here over half a century.

That our management has been in the same hands for over thirty years.

That this is the only bank in Janesville doing a strictly commercial business.

## ROCK COUNTY NATIONAL BANK

Phone 82. Order Office: Riverside Laundry

## NASH

Corner Stone, the best Patent Flour on earth, \$1.10.

Siberian Crab Apples 75c bu.

Home Grown Bread and Doughnuts.

Plums, Crab Apples, Pears, Bartlett Pears for canning, 45c pk.

Best 25c Coffee on earth.

Best 50c Tea on earth.

Billiet's Imported Sardines.

20 Mule Team Borax.

20 Mule Team Boraxo.

Lu Lu Scouring Powder.

Silver Cream Silver Polish.

1 lb. Calumet Baking Powder 15c.

1 lb. Walter Baker's Chocolate 25c.

Walnut Hill Cream Cheese.

Full Cream Brick Cheese 15c lb.

Shaker Salt.

H. G. Tomatoes 75c bu.

Pickling Onions and Peppers.

Musk and Watermelons.

Tarragon Vinegar.

The Finest Olive Oil Impt.

Picnic Hams, 11c lb.

Hand Made Tobacco 1-lb. Tins.

3 lbs. Richelieu Coffee, \$1.00.

Cheese Sandwiches, Marshmallow Dainties, Chocolate Marshmallows & Nabisco.

8 Santa Claus Soap, 25c.

6 Old Country Soap, 25c.

Groceries and Meat.

NASH

Eyes and Eye Strain

With the aid of the best mechanical contrivances and a true knowledge of their very best use,

Our Optician

Joseph H. Scholler

Detects all errors of refraction causing Eye Strain

Give us a call and you will find his Examination of the Eyes most thorough. The prescriptions most accurate and the price very reasonable.

HALL & SALES

The Reliable Jewelers

## FAIR STORE.

SPECIAL SALE OF TRUNKS, SUIT CASES AND TELESCOPES.

Metal covered barrel top. Trunk, size 32, at \$2.75.



# World's Richest Woman

## Mrs. Russell Sage and the Disposition of Her Wealth

A Woman Who Loves Money For the Good It Will Do—Well Endowed With the Three Things Most Esteemed by the World, Riches, Blood and Culture—Tall and Severe in Appearance, but Kindly—A Good Talker and a Good Hater

THAT there is good in Mrs. Russell Sage is shown by the fact that among her most intimate friends are to be found the names of three noble women—Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Louisa May Alcott and Helen Miller Gould. One who can attract such rare souls must herself possess some of the quality that endears them to the world.

Mrs. Sage is now said to be the richest woman on earth. The world, you know, measures riches by dollars, not by inherent qualities, such as goodness, wisdom, truth, love and enlightenment. We talk most of that which we most esteem, and, whether we praise or denounce, it still is in our thoughts. Intemperate condemnation is itself a sort of inverted praise, for it shows that the object we condemn still troubles us. If it were no longer in our hearts we would be indifferent to it and pass it by without notice.

Nearly All Pursue It

Judged by this standard, the thing that is most in the world's heart, is wealth, for it is now the thing most universally discussed. Many praise it, many more denounce it, and nearly all pursue it. We live so much in the external and material phase that we measure by an external and material



MRS. SAGE AS MISTRESS OF LETTERS, UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK.

standard. If we looked a little deeper we should discern that character is the only real standard of measurement, but seemingly we are not yet living on the plane of character.

If dollars are the things to which we give most attention, we will naturally be most interested in that person who has the largest number of dollars. John D. Rockefeller, among men, and Mrs. Russell Sage among women, possess this distinction. The difference between them is that Rockefeller sought his and Mrs. Sage did not. She could not help it. This wealth came to her without special desire or effort on her part, and now the thing that is engrossing her most is how to get rid of it.

Her problem, in a word, is how to give away her dollars in a manner to do her fellows the most good. She wants to strengthen and make them better, not weaken them and make them dependent.

Lavish and misdirected charity is vulgar in him that gives and hurtful to him that receives. It is false in its effects because false in its source, proceeding from a desire to glorify the giver rather than the wish to help others. From this false motive Mrs. Sage is happily free.

Esteemers of Great Wealth.

There are at least four classes who esteem great wealth—the miser, who loves it for its own sake; the tyrant, who loves it for the sake of its resultant power; the vulgarist, who loves it for display; and the philanthropist, who loves it for the good it enables him to do. Mrs. Sage belongs to the last class. The reader can determine the class to which Mrs. Sage belonged. He is dead, however, and we should not think ill of the dead.

Mrs. Sage has ideas. She believes in the higher education of women and even in woman suffrage. It is altogether possible that she will give a part of her millions—that is, if the lawyers ever let her have them—the woman's movement.

Moreover, she has character. She showed remarkable self-control at her husband's funeral. Although nearly eighty and left almost wholly alone in the world, she never broke down or

shed a tear in public. Forty years with Russell Sage had taught her self-denial, even in the luxury of sorrow.

Again, she has good blood. She is a lineal descendant of Miles Standish. There are many people who claim to be descended from Standish, but Mrs. Sage can make good. So numerous is the posterity of the stout old Puritan captain that they can be divided into two classes—realities and jokes. Mrs. Sage is one of the realities.

Well Trained.

She also was favored with good training, having been educated in Mrs. Willard's famous seminary at Troy, where Elizabeth Cady Stanton and so many other well-known women received their schooling. Mrs. Sage frequently made benefactions and delivered addresses to the school. For one thing, she founded Sage Hall. It is probable that out of the remnants of the Sage fortune left by the lawyers Mrs. Willard's seminary will get a goodly portion.

Thus it appears that the widow of Russell Sage is well endowed with the three things most esteemed by the world—wealth, blood and culture.

As to her personality, she belongs to a type well known a half century ago. She is distinctly Puritan in de-

ment and aspect; tall, severe but kindly, proud in her humility and obedient to the discipline of her own will; a good talker, with a sharp wit and a sharp tongue upon occasion; a good hater also, who never forgets a slight or an injury; a peculiar blending of very old fashioned and very up to date ideas; liberal in her impulses; believing display of any kind to be vulgar, wearing, therefore, no rings or spangles upon her fingers or figure; dressed in good fabrics, but not of fashionable cut; with a strong nose and face, crowned by snow white hair, and that is Mrs. Russell Sage, richest woman in the world, provided always that the lawyers let her have it.

After graduating from Mrs. Willard's seminary Mrs. Sage, then Miss Margaret Olivia Sloane, taught for a time in a young ladies' seminary in Philadelphia. Her father had once been wealthy, but had failed in business, and while she was not absolutely compelled to make her own way she preferred to be self supporting.

Married Sage at Forty.

She did not marry Mr. Sage until she was forty, and then was his second wife. She was a chum of the first Mrs. Sage, and it was but natural that when the grim old financier became a widower he should turn to his dead wife's best friend for comfort. It was just as natural that the sympathy begotten of a common sorrow should ripen into affection. It is comforting to feel that Russell Sage, in spite of his having been a money making machine, possessed some human touches.

Despite her belief in woman's rights, a belief that has only been expressed of late years, Mrs. Sage was old fashioned enough to believe that a wife should merge her identity into that of her husband—in other words, that he should be the one seen and known of the world while she basked under the shadow of his personality. This she did for over thirty years, in fact, until he became so old and feeble that she had to come into the foreground and assume charge of his business.

Mrs. Sage's closest friend is Helen Gould. The two have projected charitable and philanthropic work together in the past. In the old days Sage and

Gould were cronies. They had similar ideas, and their wills were remarkably alike. Their intimacy was shared by their families, and Mrs. Gould and Mrs. Sage were also chums. After Mrs. Gould's death Mrs. Sage became a second mother to Helen. On Russell Sage's death the largest floral wreaths were left by George, Helen and Howard Gould.

It is known that Mrs. Sage is waiting for Helen Gould's return from Europe before deciding what form her benefactions are to take. The great public that has come to appreciate Helen Gould as her true worth rather than at her money's worth will be reassured by this fact. They will feel that the Sage charities will be directed along lines of common sense and genuine kindness. The benefactions will be helpful rather than hurtful to their objects. The motive of their giving will not be selfish, but altruistic. That one fact determines everything.

A Life of Self Denial.

However much we deny our systems, institutions and public wrongs, we can be kindly and just to individuals. Mrs. Russell Sage is as much a victim of capitalism as is the poorest laborer in a factory or mine. She had nothing to do with creating it and little or no part in accumulating the millions that are now in her name. It is not even certain that she sympathizes with the system that gave them to her. Probably she does not even understand it. All her life has been one of repression and self denial. She has had few, if any luxuries, has never traveled abroad and but little in her own country, has had little outlet for her natural kindness except charitable work, and the means for that were often denied, and she has been without children, that crowning glory and dearest solace of any woman's life. Now in her old age she is left alone with a heritage of gold dollars that can be nothing less than a responsibility and a burden. Yet she is brave through it all, with that old Puritan bravery that never makes outcry. A pathetic figure, is she not? She is poor in the very poverty of riches.

The writer does not believe in inordinate wealth. Rather he believes in the law of recompense, that only those are entitled to wealth who create it or who render equivalent service therefor. Yet he can find in his heart for a woman like Mrs. Russell Sage, whom all the world admires, nothing but a spirit of compassion. What has she after all? Loneliness, old age, responsibility; lawyers and heirs quarreling over the dollars with whose stewardship she is charged; millions of hands reaching to her, millions of voices crying to her to give; many eyes looking at her in envy or awe, few, so few, in love; many hearts filled with resentment that she has what they want so much and are denied. How lonely it sounds! Love only maketh full; love and truth and trust. The bereaved heart cannot feed upon dollars, the inward yearning is not satisfied with treasure and bank rolls. The loneliness is not peopled by cheek books and credits.

The memory of coin does not drown out the memory of the clouds falling upon a coffin lid, neither does the yellow gleam of gold banish the image of a white, still face.

Somebody ought to write a book on the pathos of riches; not of the vulgarians who wallow in materiality and sensuality, but of the finer natures who are isolated by their wealth, who have tired of its hired pleasures and who feel the lack of all else. Why cannot the world come to look at things as they are?

An Opportunity to Do Good.

Yet Mrs. Sage's millions give her one opportunity worth while, that of doing good. How many worthy people she can help to help themselves! How many worthy causes she can advance! This opportunity is the light in which she herself views the matter. Deeply religious by nature, having no extravagant tastes of her own to gratify, with naught else to claim her heart, she can make her last years a labor of love in brightening the lives of other people, and this is more to be prized than all the rest, for, after all, we live only in the service we render.

Selfishness is always a mistake, whether it takes the form of avarice or pride or a desire to dominate over others or that lower and more vulgar guise of gratifying sensation and avenging others by barbaric splendor. Russell Sage was a curious combination of the best and the worst, of virtues projected till they became vices. Many of his ideas and motives were excellent, but they were too narrow in their application, they were not actuated enough by kindness, they took too much the form of selfish avarice, they were not directed enough toward the service of all. Man does not live unto himself, but unto his kind.

Mrs. Sage has the opportunity of changing all that, of making amends for his shortness of vision and of leaving a kinder memory of the man that she loved and served through forty years.

That she will do so is proved by the fact mentioned in the opening sentence of this article, that three of Mrs. Sage's closest friends were Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Louisa May Alcott and Helen Miller Gould.

We are known by the character of our friends. J. A. EDGERTON.

Pike's One Nameless to March.

Pike Rust, a lad of ten years, residing at Divide, will march in Colorado's centennial parade arrayed in a uniform similar to that supposed to have been worn a hundred years ago, all because his name is Pike. So far as is known, he is the only person in the whole world named after the great explorer. L. Miner, commander of Post 22, G. A. R., has arranged for the lad to march at the head of the members of the Grand Army of the Republic.

# BIG RAILWAY TERMINAL

## Plans of Superb Pennsylvania Station For New York.

### CONVENIENCE THE MAIN IDEA

New Building Will Be So Arranged That the Best Possible Service Can Be Obtained—Compared With Skyscrapers It Will Be Low, but Impressive—General Waiting Room to Be a Giant.

Plans for the new Pennsylvania railroad station in New York city have been perfected, and a description of the great building and its surroundings has been issued by the company. Although the station structure when contrasted with its skyscraper neighbors will appear low, its scope and architecture will make it impressive—a wide departure from the conventional railway station, says the New York Herald.

The exterior construction is to be of pink Italian granite, similar to the building stone of the Boston Public Library, the University Club in New York, the courthouse in Pittsburgh and the Chamber of Commerce in Cincinnati.

The main entrance, according to the plans, will be in the center of the structure in Seventh avenue, opposite the interrupted end of Thirty-second street. This will be for foot passengers only, and from the street entrance to the stairway to the main waiting room there will extend an arcade 225 feet long and 45 feet wide, flanked by shops, which will be occupied by merchants whose wares will appeal especially to the requirements of travelers. On either side of the Seventh avenue entrance there will also be a series of stores. At the further end of the arcade the restaurant, lunchrooms and the cafe will be established, with proper kitchens and service connections. Beyond will be the general waiting room and the concourse, all easy of access by convenient stairways. Apart from the main entrance there are other convenient entrances for foot passengers from the street level to the general waiting room and concourse from both the streets and the avenues. At a central point in both streets wide bridges leading into the street floor of the station span the carriage subway.

The general waiting room, the largest of its kind in the world—320 feet long, 110 feet wide and 150 feet high—is the central section of the plan. Adjoining the general waiting room on the west are two subsidiary waiting rooms, 55 by 100 feet, respectively for men and women, provided with seats and opening into retiring rooms, with lavatories attached.

To the east of the general waiting room the main baggage room, with 400 feet of frontage for the use of the transfer wagons, is located, covering the full area occupied by the arcade and restaurants on the platform above. The baggage is delivered and taken away through a special subway thirty feet wide, extending under and along the entire length of Thirty-first street and Seventh and Eighth avenues. From the baggage room trunks are delivered to the trucks below by motor trucks and elevators. The cab stands will also occupy this level. There will be maintained an ample service of electric vehicles of varying capacities to meet the requirements of travelers.

Parallel to and connecting with the main waiting room by a wide thoroughfare and west of the subsidiary waiting rooms is the concourse, a covered assembling place over 100 feet wide, extending the entire width of the station and under the adjoining streets. This may be termed the vestibule to the tracks, as two sets of stairs descend from it to each of the train platforms on the track level. The concourse and adjacent areas are open to the tracks, forming a courtyard 330 feet wide by 210 feet broad, roofed by a lofty train shed of iron and glass, similar in design to the famous train sheds of the new stations in Frankfurt and Dresden, Germany. In addition to the entrances to the concourse from the waiting room, there are also direct approaches from Thirty-first and Thirty-third streets and Eighth avenue.

The third level, which is at a depth below the surface of the street corresponding to the height of a four story building, is the track level. When the two tracks emerge from the tubes under the Hudson and reach the entrance to the station yards at Tenth avenue they begin to multiply, and at Ninth avenue and extending into the station the total number has grown to twenty-one. There is also a reduction in the number of tracks leading out of the station to the east to a total of four for the main line, two passing under Thirty-second and two under Thirty-third street, and thence under the East River to the Long Island City yards. The track surface of the station may be compared to two unfolded fans joined together at the open ends, the handle of one extending under the Hudson and that of the other under the East River. Within the station area, covering twenty-five acres of ground space, there are sixteen miles of tracks. This trackage area will afford ample facilities for easy movement of many hundred trains a day by electric power.

Through trains from the western side of the Hudson after discharging passengers will proceed at once to Long Island City, where the train yards and terminals will be located, thus leaving the station tracks clear of any idle equipment, and likewise the westbound through trains made up at the Long Island City terminal will pass through the station, stopping only to take up their quota of passengers.

The Essentials of Happiness.

The grand essentials of happiness are: Something to do, something to love and something to hope for.—Thomas Chalmers.

Couldn't Complain.

If anything, the quack doctor was more than usually eloquent. "Ladies and gentlemen," he cried at the end of his telling oration, "I have visited this place for the last ten years, I have sold thousands of bottles of this miraculous specific, and I have never received a complaint from a purchaser. Now, what does that prove?"

He paused for dramatic effect, and there was no doubt that his words had impressed his audience, till a man at the back of the crowd spoke. "Don't prove nothing," he said. "Every one knows dead men tell no tales."

"Hypocrite" Defined.

Mr. Reid, the leader of the commonwealth Free Trade party of Australia, objects to being called in parliament by his first name. At a recent meeting there was a persistent Protectionist interjection, who, at last called out: "Good old George!" Mr. Reid then focused him with his monocle, and he observed: "I have not the slightest objection to my friends calling me George, but when a man calls me George, who would be glad to see me under a steam roller I call that man a hypocrite."

"Get wise" has the solitary virtue of the slang phrase—it is expressive. In business affairs you "get wise" by keeping in touch with the ads.

Want ads work while you sleep.

## When you open a package of Uneeda Biscuit it's like opening the oven door and taking them out crisp, fresh, and clean.

# Uneeda Biscuit

are the **only** Soda Crackers. Others cease to be "crackers" after a few hours exposure to the air. Open a package of Uneeda Biscuit to-day.

5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

## Chronic Diseases Permanently Cured

# DR. W. E. SHALLENBERGER

The Regular and Reliable Chicago Specialist Who Has Visited Janesville Every Month Since 1904 Will Be At Myers Hotel, Janesville, Friday, August 31st., One Day-- Returning Every 28 Days.

GO CONSULTATION AND ADVICE FREE

NO INCURABLE CASES TAKEN

DR. WM. E. SHALLENBERGER is thoroughly known to the people of Rock and adjacent counties for the scientific manner in which he has cured Chronic and Private Diseases and has restored health and happiness to many that had given up all hope of getting well. He cures permanently the cases he undertakes and sends the incurable home without taking a fee from them. If he can not cure you he will frankly tell you. If you are improving under your family physician do not give up your treatment as we prefer cases that have failed to receive the benefit from their family doctor. Rich and poor treated alike.

Dr. Shallenberger treats all curable cases of Catarrh, Throat, Lung Diseases, Stomach, Liver and Kidney, Rheumatism, Blood and Skin Diseases, Nervous and Heart Diseases, Epilepsy, Bright Disease, Diabetes, Bladder and Rectal complications.

**EPILEPSY** This disease presents itself in many different forms and degrees of violence. Come and let me talk with you. I never fail to relieve and about 50 per cent get entirely well.

**CATARRH** The mother of consumption should not be neglected, as many times it extends to the lungs and becomes incurable. Why fool away your time with patent medicines and unsatisfactory treatment when you can be cured.

**Symptoms of Catarrh of Head and Throat**

- Is your breath foul?
- Is there dropping in the throat?
- Does your nose discharge?
- Is your voice husky?
- Is your sense of smell impaired?
- Do you hawk to clear the throat?
- Do you sneeze a great deal?
- Is the nose sore and tender?
- Does your nose itch and burn?
- Is the nose dry in the mornings?
- Are you losing your sense of taste?

**Catarrh of Bronchial Tube and Lungs**

- Have you a cough?
- Are you losing flesh?
- Do you cough at night?
- Have you a pain in sides?
- Do you take cold easily?
- Is your appetite fairly?
- Have you stitches in your sides?
- Are you low-spirited at times?
- Do you cough on going to bed?
- Do you cough in morning?
- Is your cough short and hacking?
- Have you pain behind the breastbone?

Thousands of apparently healthy people are refused Life Insurance every year because the examiner finds evidence of Bright Disease and knows only too well the results if neglected. Nearly all cases of Bright Disease is curable if taken in time. Bladder diseases are usually a complication of some other trouble and should not be neglected. Diabetes successfully treated.

Inactivity of liver will cause constipation which is the source of more misery than all other known ailments. Biliousness, gall stones, catarrh of gall bladder and jaundice positively cured.

**Piles, Fistulae, Ulcer, Fissure, Itching and Bleeding Piles Guaranteed Cured**

Rectal Diseases Cured without the use of a knife or detention from business. All other Rectal and Intestinal Diseases successfully treated, such as constipation, dyspepsia, indigestion, and so forth.

**Blood Poison and Skin Diseases**

Blood poison is an infectious disease and the most horrible of all in its results. If you have blood poison I can cure you. Eczema, itch, acne, pimples, etc., cured to your satisfaction.

**Nervous Debility**

Are you nervous and despondent; weak and debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition; lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes "sunk" red and blurred; pimples on face, dreams and night losses; restless and haggard looking; weak back; deposit in urine and drains at stool; distrustful; want of confidence; lack of energy and strength!

**Diseases of Men and Private Diseases a Specialty**

Of all the classes of disorder which particularly require the services of a specialist, are known as the diseases of women. To the treatment of these distressing diseases Dr. Shallenberger has long given special attention and has restored vigorous health and vitality to women who have suffered for years and was unable to obtain relief elsewhere. Married ladies should be accompanied by their husbands when coming for consultation.

## W. E. SHALLENBERGER, M. D.

145 Oakwood Boulevard, Chicago.

## WANT ADS. DO THE BUSINESS.



# DUKE OF DEVIL-MAY-CARE

By Harris Dickson.

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## CHAPTER XV.

IN THE PARISH PRISON.

The Sunday before Mardi Gras imposes no restraint upon the gayeties of New Orleans. By special proclamation Rex, king of the Carnival, absolves his loyal subjects from every bond of allegiance save only to himself. And the reign of Rex is the rule of joy, the empire of mask and merriment and music.

About ten o'clock on Sunday morning Joe Balfour came down stairs at the Chaudrons.

"Where's Felix, and Mr. Vance?" he asked of Anita, who waited in the hall.

"They're gone; they told me not to wake you. Come and get your breakfast. Mrs. Chaudron won't be down; she's with Alice."

The dim cool dining-room was not more subdued and quiet than those two that entered it. Anita poured his coffee, leaned her elbow on the table and watched Joe's face.

"Thank you, Ben," she said to the old negro butler; "we won't need you, you may go."

Presently she asked: "You have not really found out anything definite, have you?"

"Not a thing," he answered, "I have searched everywhere; I can't think of another place to look. The police and detectives seem perfectly helpless."

"I heard about Mr. Vance, and—that man, you wouldn't tell me that. Do they suspect him of having anything to do with this?"

"I can't tell," Joe kept his eyes fastened on his plate, and refused to look up.

"Are they going to arrest him?" Anita leaned forward, and watched his face anxiously.

"They are looking for him," Joe answered.

For a long time she said nothing more, then her brave eyes turned to him again.

"Tell me the truth; do you think my aunt was murdered?" She looked at him squarely, and did not flinch.

"No," Joe shook his head doubtfully; "I cannot quite believe that—yet. There would have been some trace. And besides, why should anybody want to kill her? She had no money or jewelry. But she couldn't have strayed away and got lost—there was that room—I can't understand it. How is Alice?" he finished abruptly.

"About the same; she sleeps when they give her opiates."

"And you? You have not been to sleep?"

"Not very much. I am doing quite well," she smiled faintly; it did not matter.

They were both silent for a long, long while, glancing at each other, saying nothing. Several times it trembled on the very tip of Joe's tongue to inquire if she had seen anything of Noel Duke. But her violet eyes were so full of trouble that he looked away again, and could not ask her.

After some little time Anita reached out and touched his hand; Joe knew exactly what was coming, and feared to meet it.

"Did you give him my letter?" she asked.

"Yes."

"I wanted to be sure, because, because—maybe I imagined it, but just before my aunt disappeared I thought I saw a man watching me through the window of that little café across the street. We was watching me again when we came away with Mrs. Chaudron. I might not have thought it was Noel, but—but—" Anita's lips trembled, and she stopped a moment.

"Yes, I know you are his friend; whatever may happen, I will tell you," Anita glanced around to be sure that there was no one in hearing, then went on: "When Alice and I came downstairs that morning at the hotel, she ran back to the room for something, and I stood there at the head of the steps. That was before we knew my aunt was gone. I heard two men talking in that little room at the left of the entry. They seemed to be quarrelling, but were talking very low. One of them was Monsieur Victor, and I thought, I was not sure, that the other voice was Mr. Duke's. Monsieur Victor refused to do something that the other man asked, and insisted; he offered to pay money to Monsieur Victor. Monsieur Victor refused again. Then he made Monsieur Victor promise that he would not tell anything, Monsieur Victor promised that he would not tell if he would go immediately, and never come back to the house. Oh, yes, and I heard the Frenchman say that something would 'ruin' the reputation of his house. I am sure I heard that much before they slammed the door. I have been thinking about it ever since."

"My God!" thought Joe, and did not dare look at the girl.

"I must go now," he said, and hastened out of the room. He wanted to get away from Anita, out into the open air, where he could think.

Suddenly the telephone rang, excitedly as an alarm bell in that silent hall.

"They both ran to it," Anita listened eagerly to Joe's half of the conversation.

"What is it? What is it?" she clung to his arm. "I know; they have arrested somebody; they have—"

"Yes, I'll telephone you as soon—" Anita turned deadly pale and tightened her grip on his hand—she might just as well have spoken the monstrous fear that stifled her.

"Wait!" she gasped; "I am going—" "No, you cannot go; he's at the parish prison."

She loosed her hold upon his arm and staggered back. It cut Joe to the depths of his tender heart to think that he should have been so brutally rough.

Then he saw the girl straighten herself, an unshrinking determination flashed into her eyes, such as he had seen in a few men's, and never in a woman's. It told him plainly that her time for fear had passed, the hour for endurance had come. She shrank no longer, she trembled no longer; the truth was out; it stared her in the face, and she met it like a woman of the Romans.

Joe tried to slip away.

"Wait," she said. And he waited. Half-way up the stairs, she turned, Joe was going out the door.

"I'm just going out to see if I can't catch a cab," he explained.

She looked at him a moment, doubtful whether he was telling her the truth. "I shall go alone if you leave me."

Church bells pealed from every tower, worshippers hurried through the doors, and votaries of pleasure strolled along the promenade. In God's vast sunshine there was abundant room for repose and for revelry for flutters of fashion, and for the widow's garb of sorrow. The crowding people, the banners, the gayeties of the streets, all made graded cells and gloomy prison yards seem more terrible to Anita. Yet, if she changed color, or hung back at the door, even Joe could not detect it.

Jimmy Fitz and the other officers seemed much disconcerted that she had come; it was no place for ladies; they were in the way. Fitzgerald did not know what to do with her.

"Let us sit in that little room," Joe suggested; "where we can see him when he's brought in. She thought perhaps she might identify him."

Anita thanked him with one grateful glance for thinking of an excuse, however insufficient.

Jimmy Fitz showed them into the ante-room, and went out again, leaving the door ajar. Anita sat breathless beside Joe, her eyes fixed on the crack in the door, her whole soul pouring itself out in an agony of apprehension. There was the jailer, and Jimmy Fitz and Baker sitting there in the jailer's private office. Anita scarcely saw them; they were nothing to her.

Joe laid his hand upon her arm, fearing that she might cry out. She turned such a quiet face toward him that he took his hand away, and felt ashamed.

Steps came along the corridor—two men. Anita grasped the arms of her chair and listened. What little color there had been in her lips faded out completely. She knew the step, she could not be mistaken; one of those men was Noel Duke. She turned and clutched Joe's hand, but she did not even moan.

Duke came into the jailer's office, and she heard Jimmy Fitz asking him questions—heard every syllable.

"Well, sir, will you tell us now who you are, and why you've been hanging around the Hotel Louis le Grande since midnight on Thursday?"

The prisoner did not open his lips.

"Why did you sit in Pedro's Place all day Friday, and watch the door to that hotel? Why did you sneak in there twice while the police were searching it? Why did you try to kill Mr. Vance in that café yesterday?"

Anita heard them ask a hundred insolent questions, heard them threaten and promise and cajole. But she listened vainly for a denial which never came from the prisoner.

Why did he not say something? Why did he not tell them that they were wrong? How could he be silent under such accusations? Anita glared appealingly to Joe. Joe turned his face away, and a numbness as of death stifled the throbbing of her heart.

"Take him back," the jailer ordered, and Anita caught a glimpse of Duke's tight-shut lips, as he passed out to his cell again.

His heavy steps went—trap—trap—down the long corridor; she felt that they were going to the uttermost boundaries of the earth. She longed to cry out after him, to call him back, to tell him that there had been a mistake—that then she heard the shutting of a heavy door, miles and miles away.

When Jimmy Fitz and Baker first appeared in the ante-room, Anita did not see them; she was conscious of nothing.

"Well, miss, do you know 'im?" Joe rose quickly and tried to save her the necessity for an answer, but she did not wait.

"I have never seen the man," she replied steadily; "now, take me home."

Baker followed them to the edge of the banquet where their cab was waiting.

"That's a sharp un," he remarked, jerking his thumb in the direction of the prisoner; "e's a new 'un, but e knows enough to keep e's bloomin' mouth shut. We've never got a squeal since we pinched 'im. Jimmy Fitz is goin' to send 'is photographs round; we'll find out who 'e is all right enough; moss likely 'e's wanted somer's else pretty bad."

The man gabbled on while Anita stared at him in a dull wonderment; what could the fellow mean? Why was he here? She understood nothing save that one unforgettable terrible, incomprehensible thing.

Joe helped her into the cab, and started to take his seat beside her.

"No, no," she whispered, pushing him out, "go back there—to him; he will tell you. I can get home by myself."

Utterly heedless of Baker's continual chatter, Joe watched the cab until it turned a corner and disappeared.

"God of Mercy!" he thought, "what could I say to her?"

"Then he set his face toward the prison gates, and stopped.

"And what can I say to him?" (To be Continued.)

Buy it in Janeville.

## DISCUSS RATE LAW WITH COMMISSION

SHIPPERS AND CARRIERS GATHER AT WASHINGTON.

BOTH SIDES SEEK LIGHT

Railroad Officials Express Desire to Comply With Provisions and Ask Further Time in Which to File Tariff Schedules.

Washington, Aug. 29.—To discuss certain phases of the railroad rate law which took effect Monday, there was a conference which lasted the greater part of the day between the members of the interstate commerce commission and representatives of the railroads and shippers of the country.

The railroad officials present numbered 34, among whom were Vice President Caldwell, of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western; Vice President Gramma, of the New York Central; General Counsel Massey, of the Pennsylvania; and General Counsel Clardy, of the Missouri Pacific, while P. T. Bentley, of Chicago, J. A. Farley, of Dallas, Tex., and James Maynard, of Knoxville, Tenn., were among the speakers for the shippers. The American Shippers' association and the Illinois Manufacturers' association were represented.

Seek to Comply With Law.

The railroad representatives uniformly gave assurance of their intention to fully comply with the new law, but presented their views as to the operation of certain provisions, among the points urged being extension of time in which carriers may file their tariffs with the commission; continuation of the present method of posting tariffs; objection to any change in export and import rates, pending a full hearing; and the absolute concurrence of all the carriers interested before the establishment of joint rates.

The shippers' representatives urged the protection of their interests, particularly against the railroads shifting classifications so as to put up rates and contending for the discretion of the commission in the export and import changes and for the publication of tariffs in the full acceptance of that term. The commission reserved decision of the questions brought up.

Views of Railroad Man.

B. D. Caldwell, a vice president of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, told the commission that, through conferences with traffic officials and attorneys of various lines of railroad, they had sought to reach an understanding of the new law, to the end that they might be in position properly to observe it. He indicated, however, that notwithstanding the work they had done in good faith, many questions had arisen, particularly concerning the publication and filing of tariffs, on which they felt they ought to have an exchange of views with the commission.

He suggested that it would be necessary to have an extension of time in which the carriers should have opportunity to file their tariffs with the commission, and he requested that the commission continue their present method of posting railroad tariffs.

He discussed at length the technical features of the rates, as prescribed by the new law and in connection with the suggestion that the commission suspend or modify import and export rates he urged that no change be made in the law until the fullest hearing shall have been held. He also held that a joint rate should be the subject of concurrence. He insisted, as did all the other speakers that absolute concurrence in joint rates of all the carriers interested should be had before the rates were established.

Regimental Reunions and Forty-third Anniversary Battle Chickamauga, Chattanooga, September 18-20, 1906.

On September 18, 1906, will occur the forty-third anniversary of the Battle of Chickamauga. It is proposed to celebrate this memorable event with a reunion of the various regiments that participated in this memorable battle and the various battles fought around Chattanooga. This reunion will be held at Chickamauga National Park, September 18, 19 and 20, and the present indications are that it will be the largest and most notable gathering ever held in the South.

On the above dates, the remnants from the armies of twelve states, comprising the following: Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas and Kentucky, will assemble, many of the first and last time since they marched from its blood-stained fields, forty-three years ago.

Here is one of the greatest opportunities for the education of the youth. Don't fail to take your children and show them historic Chattanooga, with all its historical connections. It is the opportunity of a lifetime. Go and see the old war generals and other officers point out the places of interest on the battlefield; let them show you and explain, in person, the markers erected on the battlefield showing the positions of the opposing armies at the time of battle. It will not be long until none will be left to do this noble work.

It will be many years, if ever again, that such an opportunity will present itself. See that your tickets read via the Louisville & Nashville R. R., the Battlefield Route. Call on your nearest railroad agent for rates and advertising matter pertaining to the reunion, or write nearest representative of the Louisville & Nashville R. R.

J. H. Milliken, D. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

F. P. Bush, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

J. E. Davern, D. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

H. C. Bailey, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

## NATIONAL APPLE DAY.

Date Set For Annually Paying Tribute to This Fruit.

Everybody get ready for Apple day. The third Tuesday of every October has been set apart by the American apple growers' congress as a day for the payment of special tribute to this glorious fruit. The observance is to begin the 10th of next October.

While there were no specific suggestions as to how Apple day should be celebrated, the members of the congress, unanimously agreed on October as the month in which to hold the celebration, because about that time of the year most of the fairer place in the southwestern states, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. It is hoped the fair dates can be arranged to coincide with the apple festival.

The members of the apple congress think the popularity of the apple will spread much more rapidly if Apple day is made a feature of the fairs wherever possible. In such a case apples from all over the country could be exhibited and prizes could be given for apple pies, apple sauces and for the best apples from each community.

This, the apple growers' think, would encourage the cultivation of the fruit, which, they say, is not half as well appreciated as it deserves to be.

In places where fairs are held either earlier or later than Apple day special apple exhibits should be held.

The members of the congress hope that the third Tuesday in October will in time become a fixed holiday on the calendar of the United States just as Labor day and Thanksgiving day.

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**If you have Pride in White Clothes**

you have use for Peosta soap. No boiling with Peosta; less rubbing and that means less wear. There is no soap so good for flannels, linens, dollies, shirtwaists and the like, because no other soap cleans with so little rubbing. Economy is dollars and time.

**Use Beach's Peosta Soap**

Beach's Hand Soap removes oil and grease.

## News For Excursionists

Half Rates to Mexico City, Mex. Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fare for round trip August 15 to September 1, inclusive, with favorable return limits, on account of International Geological Congress. Apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Special Excursion Rates to Colorado, Utah and the Black Hills. Via the North-Western Line. Beginning June 1st, excursion tickets will be sold daily to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Salt Lake City, Hot Springs, Deadwood, Lead and Custer, S. D., etc., good to return until October 31. Specially low rate round trip tickets to these and other points, with favorable return limits, will be sold the first and third Tuesday of each month until September 1, inclusive. A splendid opportunity is offered for an enjoyable vacation trip. Several fine trains via the North-Western Line daily. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

TO CALIFORNIA. SECOND CLASS RATES. Homeseekers' Excursion to the North-West, West and Southwest. Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates are on sale to the territory indicated above. Standard and Tourist Sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars and "The Best of Everything." For dates of sale and full particulars apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y. Write for printed matter and full details. F. H. Tristram, Asst. General Passenger Agent, 37 Adams St., Chicago.

\$75 to the Pacific Coast and Return. From Chicago—Corresponding Low Round-Trip Rates. From Other Points. Via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line daily, June 1 to Sept. 30, to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle and Tacoma and other Pacific Coast points. Very low rates to Helena, Butte, Spokane, Ogden and Salt Lake City. Daily and personally conducted excursions in Pullman tourist sleeping cars to San Francisco; Los Angeles and Portland; through without change. Double berth only \$7.00 from Chicago and \$5.75 from Omaha. Choice of routes. For rates, tickets, etc., apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Excursion Tickets to Chattanooga, Tenn. Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold September 15 to 17, inclusive, with favorable return limits, on account of Regimental Reunion Anniversary Battle of Chickamauga. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Very Low Rates to Chattanooga, Tenn. Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold September 15 to 17, inclusive, with favorable return limits, on account of Regimental Reunion Anniversary Battle of Chickamauga. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Half Rates to Wisconsin State Fair at Milwaukee. Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fare for round trip, Sept. 8 to 1, inclusive, limited to return until Sept. 15, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

\$60.85 to California and Return. Via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y. Sept. 2 to 14, inclusive, limited to return to Oct. 31, 1906. For train service and other information apply to the C. M. & St. P. R'y. ticket agent.

\$33.45 to San Francisco and Los Angeles; \$31.80 to Portland, Seattle and Chicago. Via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y. From Janeville, every day Aug. 27th to Oct. 31st. Low rates to hundreds of other points. Choice of routes if you select the C. M. & St. P. R'y. For details apply to the ticket agent.

Very Low Rates to San Francisco and Los Angeles. Via the North-Western Line. An excursion rate of one regular first-class limited fare for round trip, will be in effect from all stations Sept. 3 to 14, inclusive, with favorable return limits, on account of National Baptist convention. Three fast trains through to California daily. "The Overland Limited," electric lighted throughout, less than three days to San Francisco. "The Los Angeles Limited," electric lighted throughout, via the new Salt Lake route to Los Angeles, with drawing-room and tourist sleeping cars. Another fast daily train via the China & Japan. Fast Mail with drawing-room and tourist sleeping cars to San Francisco and Los Angeles. For itineraries and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Excursion Tickets to Northern Illinois Agricultural Fair at Freeport. Via the North-Western Line. Will be sold at reduced rates September 2 to 7, inclusive, limited to return until September 8, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Very Low Rates to Boise City, Idaho. Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold August 31, and September 1, with favorable return limits, on account of National Irrigation congress. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Excursion Tickets to County Fair at Belvidere, Ill. Via the North-Western Line. Will be sold at reduced rates September 3 to 7, inclusive, limited to return until September 8, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

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## RAILROAD TIME TABLES

Chicago & N. W.	Leave	Arrive
Chicago, Crystal Lake, Woodstock, & Har-	4:30 am	*12:30 am
vard, Beloit, and Afton	6:05 am	*9:15 pm
Chicago, Crystal Lake, Woodstock, Har-	7:20 am	*6:35 pm
vard, Beloit, and Afton	8:00 am	*8:00 pm
Afton, Beloit, Rock-	8:30 pm	*8:30 am
ford and Belvidere	11:10 am	*3:40 pm
Afton, Hanover, Wood-	6:08 am	*8:10 pm
stock, Madison, Lancaster, LaCrosse,	11:00 pm	*6:25 pm
Winona and Dakota		
Points		
Evansville, Madison,		
Lancaster, LaCrosse,		
Winona and Dakota		
Points		
Evansville, Madison,		
No. connection for		
LaCrosse and Dako-		
ta points Sun-		
day		
Evansville, Madison	*11:45 am	*9:05 am
Evansville, Madison	*6:40 pm	*7:15 am
Evansville, Madison		*8:20 pm
Eau Claire, St. Paul	*11:45 am	*9:05 am
Paul and Minne-	6:05 am	6:05 am
apolis	*9:20 pm	*6:25 pm
Evansville, Madison,		
St. Paul & Minneapolis		
Duluth and Superior	12:30 am	*4:30 am
Eau Claire, St. Paul		
and Minneapolis	*6:35 am	*9:05 am
St. Atkinson, Water-		
town, Fond du Lac,		
Oshkosh and Okauch	6:30 am	*7:30 pm
Bay		
St. Atkinson, Wau-		
kesha and Mil-	*8:30 am	*7:35 am
waukee		*8:35 pm
St. Atkinson, Water-		
town, Waukesha,		
Milwaukee, Fond du		
Lac, Oshkosh, Green	12:45 pm	*11:30 pm
Bay		
St. Atkinson, Jerfe-		
son and Water-	*8:25 pm	*3:00 pm
town		*10:35 am
Chicago, Crystal Lake,		
Elgin, Woodstock,		
Harvard, Beloit &	8:00 pm	*8:35 am
Afton		
Chicago, Crystal Lake,		
Woodstock, Har-		
vard, Clinton and	*6:30 pm	*7:55 pm
Sharon		
Chicago, Crystal Lake,		
Woodstock, Har-	9:10 am	*11:40 am
vard, Clinton		*11:35 pm
Junction		
Chicago, Crystal Lake,		
Elgin, Woodstock,	*3:10 pm	*5:50 am
Harvard, Clinton		
and Sharon	12:50 pm	*11:45 pm
Afton, Beloit, Cale-	7:20 am	*8:25 pm
donia and Rockford		
Afton, Beloit, Belvi-	8:30 am	*11:45 am
dere, Rockford, De-	8:10 pm	*11:45 am
la, Beloit, Rockford, De-		
la, Fresno, De-		
la, Oshkosh, Den-	8:10 am	*7:35 pm
ver, California		
Fond du Lac, Wa-		
tertown, Ft. At-		
kinson	*7:00 am	*8:30 pm
* Daily		
* Daily except Sunday		
* Sunday only		
Subject to change without notice.		



# UNION LABOR LOSES BOYCOTT LAWSUIT

WISCONSIN JUDGE DECIDES FOR EMPLOYING BAKER.

## URNS ON UNFAIR LIST

Plaintiff Held to Have Suffered Permanent and All But Destructive Injury to His Business by Acts of Workingmen.

Racine, Wis., Aug. 29.—Union labor was dealt a heavy blow by the decision of Judge Chester A. Fowler in the boycott suit for \$25,000 damages brought by Baker Otto B. Schultz against the Trades Labor council, Benjamin Bressan and others.

By the decision the contract exacted by the boss bakers by the union men, by means of which the workmen sought to enforce the closed shop, is held illegal, the trades council and the individual members are enjoined from using the "unfair list," the boycott is declared an actionable conspiracy to accomplish a criminal or unlawful purpose, Baker Schultz is allowed to recover damages of \$25,000 for the loss of profits from the time of the commencement of the boycotting acts up to the time of the trial, and \$5,500 in damages for the amount of injury to his business and property in relation to its selling value.

**Text of the Decision.**  
The decision in part is as follows: No complaint was or has ever been made of his being harsh or oppressive with his help in the matter of hours, wages or conditions of work. The contract was not presented to him with the purpose or object of obviating or correcting any evils or abuses, or improving any labor conditions obtaining in his shop.

All boss bakers of the city signed this agreement, except the plaintiff, who has steadfastly refused to do so. Upon the plaintiff refusing to sign, concerted attack upon his business was begun by organized labor with the object and purpose of compelling him, against his will, to sign the contract and has been maintained with more or less vigor up to the present time.

Since the commencement of this suit the heading of the unfair list has been changed to "We do not patronize," instead of "unfair list," but the list is still referred to by organized labor as "unfair list." It is a rule of conduct of organized labor and it is taught to all members as a duty that members of the labor unions will not patronize or use the products of persons or firms on the unfair list, at least so far as goods desired can be procured without, and that members will not, under any circumstances, purchase or use goods without the union label, when those bearing it can be obtained.

**Business Is Injured.**  
The plaintiff has suffered a permanent and all but destructive injury to his business, which has been caused by the combined acts and the attitude of organized labor above mentioned. Are the injuries so caused such as the courts furnish any remedy for?

An injury to one's honest business and trade is on the same footing as an injury to his tangible property, and the law furnishes a remedy for one as well as the other. Of course it is not every injury which one suffers from the acts of others that the law gives a remedy for. Whenever one suffers an injury as the result of a legal wrong inflicted by others, the law furnishes a remedy.

**Conspiracy Against Employer.**  
The acts complained of are, in my view, plainly in violation of section 466 A, Wisconsin statutes of 1898, as construed by the supreme court. This statute makes any two or more persons who shall combine, associate, mutually undertake or concert together for the purpose of wilfully or maliciously injuring another, his trade, business, by any means whatsoever, or for the purpose of maliciously compelling another, to do or perform any act against his will, guilty of an offense punishable by fine and imprisonment.

The acts above mentioned were committed for the purpose of compelling the plaintiff to perform an act against his will, viz., to sign a contract with the local bakers' union and a part of the defendants at least combined and concerted together in the commission of such acts for such purpose.

If it was done for the purpose of "maliciously compelling" the plaintiff to sign the contract it constituted a criminal offense by such defendants and therefore a legal wrong against the plaintiff.

This contract was in itself an illegal contract in that it would by its terms obligate the plaintiff to employ union labor only as distinguished from nonunion labor; it would obligate him to maintain a "closed" shop as distinguished from an "open" shop.

**Oldest Mason Celebrates.**  
Rockford, Ill., Aug. 29.—Otis Eddy, the oldest living Master Mason in the world, celebrated the one hundred and second anniversary of his birth here Tuesday. Mr. Eddy was born in Burlington, R. I. He became a Mason more than 80 years ago.

**Oil Price Reduced.**  
Independence, Kan., Aug. 29.—The Prairie Gas & Oil company announced a reduction of three cents a barrel in the price of all western oils. High grade now brings thirty-nine cents and fuel oil twenty-six cents.

# WOMAN QUALIFIES TO SHOOT

ENTITLED TO ENROLL AS NATIONAL MARKSMAN.

Capt. Stewart Wise Captures Leech Cup Match, with Handsome Score of 100 Out of 105.

Sengirt, N. J., Aug. 28.—Excellent shooting conditions attended the second day of the great military shooting tournament in progress at the state camp. Two or three light showers fell but did not materially interfere with the work at the butts. The day was memorable in the history of such competitions by the unprecedented number of entries in the two individual matches, 242 riflemen facing the targets in the Leech cup match and 217 in the Hale match.

An interesting feature of the day was the excellent marksmanship of Mrs. Elizabeth Topperwain, of San Antonio, Tex., who qualified for enrollment as a member of the National Marksmans' reserve by scoring 59 out of a possible 75 in five shots each at 200, 300 and 500 yards. The progress of all the matches was watched with keen interest by hundreds of visitors who came to the camp in automobiles, railroad trains and trolley cars.

Firing in the Leech cup match, open to all, seven shots each, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards, was not finished until nearly seven o'clock when it was getting dark. The match was won by Capt. Stewart Wise, first corps cadets, Boston, Mass., with the fine score of 100 out of a possible 105.

## BRYAN RECEPTION PROGRAMME

Gov. Folk Will Head Committee to Greet Nebraskan on Arrival.

New York, Aug. 29.—The programme of the reception to be accorded to William Jennings Bryan on his arrival in this city on Thursday was given out by the reception committee Tuesday.

The official reception will begin with the arrival of Col. Bryan at pier A, North river at four p. m. Thursday. He will be met there by a subcommittee headed by the chairman of the reception, Gov. Folk of Missouri. He will be welcomed by Acting Mayor McGowan in behalf of the city of New York. Six carriages will accompany the carriage carrying Col. Bryan which will be preceded by an escort of mounted police.

Arriving at the hotel, a special committee consisting of five members of the reception from each state will receive Col. Bryan. Then will follow the general reception, after which Col. Bryan will spend the time in informal discussions until seven o'clock when he will retire to his private apartments to make ready to go to the garden at 7:45 o'clock.

It has been arranged, in order to accommodate those unable to gain admission to the garden, to hold an overflow meeting in Madison square park. If stormy, Col. Bryan will address the meeting before entering the garden, and if the weather be pleasant he will address it after the garden speech. Other speakers will be J. B. Dahlgren, mayor of Omaha; D. N. Fletcher, of Florida; Gov. Robert N. Glenn, of North Carolina; Ex-Gov. William S. Jennings, of Florida; Congressman Henry M. Goldfogle, of New York, and Senator Thomas P. Grady of New York.

## GEN. MIN'S BODY IS INTERRED

Russian Revolutionists Fail to Keep Threat to Create Disorder.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 29.—In spite of the threats of the revolutionists the transfer of the body of Gen. Min from Peterhof to St. Petersburg for interment in the regimental chapel of the Semenovskiy regiment took place Tuesday without incident, though with imposing military coronation.

The body arrived here late in the afternoon, its departure from Peterhof having been preceded by another religious service at Peterhof, at which the emperor, empress and Grand Duke Nicholas again participated.

The casket was escorted to the barracks here by the entire Semenovskiy regiment and by deputations from other garrisons.

The dowager empress came in from Satchina and met the funeral train on its arrival at the imperial station.

## REFORM SPELLING FOLLOWED

Secretary Taft Gets First Letter from President Under New Rules.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 29.—Secretary William H. Taft received the first letter from President Roosevelt written in accordance with the rules of the reformed spelling-board. The letter was dictated Monday night and pertained to the business of the government which fact rendered its publication impossible. All of the executive correspondence will be spelled in accordance with the recommendations of the reformed spelling-board. The list of three hundred words which is the present accomplishment of this board, has been for several days in the hands of the president's stenographers and Secretary Loeb waited until Monday before putting the new spelling into effect, that all might have time to become familiar with the new rules.

## Tramp Kills Policeman.

Valley City, N. D., Aug. 29.—Herman Personius, a member of the local police force, was shot and instantly killed by a desperado whom he was endeavoring to arrest. This is the second police officer to be shot here within a few weeks by tramps.

Mrs. Jennie Cook, employed as an assistant to Matron Pratt at the detention home in Los Angeles, Calif., was shot and almost instantly killed last night by her divorced husband.

# PECK TO NATIONAL BAR ASSOCIATION

Continued From Page 1.

ises in the scale so does a shrinkage enter the private life of each one of its members. Any government," said he, "however imperfect, is better than no government,—which is anarchy. If we have too much government,—as many of us believe, is it possible in the present state of human wisdom, to have just enough restraint, and just enough personal freedom. An excess of the one no doubt means a diminution of the other, but what human intelligence can fix a perfect equilibrium? There is in the literature of the subject much, unimpeachable declaration which does not tend to enlighten searchers after truth. The subject is too large for the grasp of the average mind; the points of view are so numerous and so variant that the most laborious inquiry leads to no acceptable and final conclusion. The dilittante thinker puts an end to rational discussion. Where Austin and Bentham could only grope, the village paper and the magazine contributor, exhaust the subject in a single article.

The most complicated system of government in the world is our American system, but it is, in my opinion, the most nearly perfect. But yet we cannot escape the persistent inquiry,—does it pay? What do we give up, and what do we get in return? Let the inquiry be enlarged so as to cover not simply our relations to our own governments, state and national, but to government itself, as an institution of civilization. We are, of course, primarily concerned with the relation we bear to the nation and the particular states of which we are citizens; but underlying that must always be the question, how stands the individual, everywhere, throughout the world, in his relation to the social or political organization in which he finds himself? Undeniably, he gives up much. He gives up the right to be a law unto himself, to make war upon mankind; to hold by force, and not by contract or convention, in other words, he surrenders the simplicity of barbarism for the complicated, artificial edifice of civilization. And what does he get in return? Does he get as much as he gives up? Does he get what the spirit of the age contemplates? Probably he does not. The unsatisfied aspirations, the eager desire for better conditions, the constant pressure, upward and outward, shows that, reasonably or unreasonably, there is everywhere a profound feeling that since so much has been given, something more ought to have been received. This feeling is at the bottom of nearly all proposed acts of constructive legislation. That we are far better off than we should be without the authority and protection of institutional government, all must admit, but that is not the question. Certainly not the entire question. Are we as well as we ought to be? The "shrinkage" in the individual life has been something, but the larger liberty of man, the liberty that can silently rest, waking or sleeping, under the shield of established government is compensation a thousandfold.

Legislation is not only the adoption of positive rules of conduct, it is, it may be expressed, experimentation. It is feeling the way, exploring paths that may or may not lead to the right goal. It is certain that many good laws are enacted, many unnecessary ones, and many foolish ones,—but, on the whole, do we not move along toward better things? Undoubtedly, we have too much legislation, but is not our system, even with the danger of over-legislation, a wise and good one in its great essential features? I believe that, in a way, which is larger than we can grasp in its entirety, we are carrying out the "increasing purpose" which Tennyson declared, "Runs through the ages."

It has often been pointed out that we are leaving the simple manners and methods of our fathers, and that over-legislation is the great and dangerous evil of the times. I think this has been somewhat exaggerated, and its dangers magnified. The old-time simplicity of a small population, cannot be expected in a nation of eighty millions. "Whether the homely plainness of life in the early days of the republic, was good or bad, it has undoubtedly gone forever. We have grown too greatly in wealth, and in conditions which favored us above all other nations, but the main factor in bringing about the changed method of our living, has not been wealth, not legislation, not any infirmity in our system of government, but the tremendous activity of the human mind in the direction of science. It would, perhaps, be more accurate to say that the great increase of wealth, and its accumulation in colossal fortunes are themselves the result, and the inevitable result, of the scientific tendencies which have been so active in the past half century. The inventive energy which has dominated modern thought must be counted most to blame for present conditions if indeed any one is to blame. The great intellectual development of the ninth century,—the greatest in all history,—took the direction of scientific research, and the result has been a transformation of the modes of living of the aims and aspirations of men, and, necessarily, of the scope and purpose of legislation.

James C. Carter declared that the American people are afflicted with a passion for legislation amounting to almost a disease. It is undeniably true that the average mind believes in the possibility of remedying every evil by statutory enactment. That this idea is a false and dangerous one, all human experience attests. It is a significant, perhaps ominous, evidence of the changes in the popular idea of the legislative function, to note the vastly increased range of subjects with which our statutes now deal. They are becoming largely, too largely, I think, merely administrative and regulative; establishing rules for the direction and control of business activities, drawing lines of separation between that which is, and always was permissible, and that which shall no longer be so; establishing boards and commissions; and providing for a scrutiny which more and more, pries into affairs that once were supposed to pertain exclusively to the individual, primarily interested. All this is more or less interfering, for the shrinkage in individual

liberty involved in it hurts. But it is folly to suppose that modern life can go on with its ever increasing complexity, and legislators be dumb and silent. When legislators are considering a subject with which they may rightfully deal, that temptation is strong upon them to go further than is necessary, or proper, but this is an infirmity of human nature. In the summary of legislation which is communicated to you from year to year there are many statutes which might well have been omitted from consideration by the legislatures that passed them. Of all the bills introduced in any legislative body a comparatively small percentage become law, enactments, and of those, but few ever really enter into the life of the community. A mere glance at this report confirms Mr. Carter's assertion as to the passion of the American people for legislation. I do not believe in Laissez faire, and yet as we well know a very large number of statutes are enacted for no reason whatever except to gratify the ambition of some legislator to have his name attached to a law. Every act passed, adds more or less to the individual "shrinkage" of which Maeterlinck speaks, but often without any corresponding advantage to organized society, and undoubtedly the citizen gets the worst of the bargain whenever this happens.

I shall not believe that the great volume of legislation enacted by a mere last congress was inspired by a mere wanton lust of power. It had back of it something higher and deeper than that; an earnest desire to deal with conditions not very well understood; and a conviction that the time had come for doing something. I do not close my eyes to the fact that we cannot have a bewildering complexity in all our affairs, and at the same time have perfect simplicity in government. But in all this turmoil, the whirl of machinery, governmental, and mechanical, the organization of labor and of capital, the throbbing of labor pulse, and the strain of it all, to strain and to nerve,—what has become of the individual man? The development of the state and of the institutions that collectively compose it, is steadily proceeding, but how about the units? I have pointed out what seemed to me to be the causes for the increased legislation which marks the present age. This legislation has not been the cause of the tremendous activity of modern times, but the result of it. We did not, perhaps, choose the blame and confusion of life in which we find ourselves entangled, but here we are. The one thing that we ought all to work for, is to prevent the obliteration of men. The danger of today is that the best and most promising of our youths, "the expiring flame" of the future state, will tancy and rose of the future state, will be swallowed up, ground up in the wheels of a restless, insatiable mechanism that may never know care. What we may do to reconcile individual right and individual freedom with the assured certainty of law with the assured certainty of law, and still more as American lawyers, and out of it all, step by step, we shall go forward, maybe, to better things. But, anyway, we shall go forward.

## SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

A call for the ninth annual session of the American mining congress, to be held in Denver, Oct. 16 to 19, was issued yesterday by J. H. Richards, president, and James F. Gallbreath, Jr., secretary.

George Mellich and Melio Vukmanovich, Montenegrin miners, quarreled in Phoenix, Ariz., Melich shot five times without effect. Vukmanovich fired once, mortally wounding his adversary and is now in hiding.

John Blinn was killed and four workmen were seriously injured while engaged on the Wabash railway at Brewster, fourteen miles southwest of Canton, O., yesterday. A charge of dynamite failed to go off as expected.

Representatives of the Oil City Boiler works, whose bid for furnishing boilers for the New York and Massachusetts was rejected, have made another protest, to Acting Secretary Newberry, concerning the award. Secretary Newberry has granted the protesting company a hearing.

## CHICAGO MARKETS

HAMMOND ELEVATOR CO.,

From J. M. Gibson, Broker, 204 Jackson Block, Janesville.

Chicago, Aug. 29, 1906.

July				
May	71 1/4	71 3/4	70 1/4	71 1/2
Sept.	71 1/4	71 3/4	71	71 1/2
Dec.	71 1/4	71 3/4	71	71 1/2
Oct.				
June				
May				
July	48 1/4	48 3/4	48 1/4	48 1/2
Sept.	48 1/4	48 3/4	48 1/4	48 1/2
Dec.	48 1/4	48 3/4	48 1/4	48 1/2
Oct.				
June				
May				
July	29 1/4	29 3/4	29 1/4	29 1/2
Sept.	29 1/4	29 3/4	29 1/4	29 1/2
Dec.	29 1/4	29 3/4	29 1/4	29 1/2
Oct.				
June				
May				
July	17 05	17 07	16 07	17 00
Sept.				
Dec.				
Oct.				
June				
May				
July	8 65	8 67	8 65	8 67
Sept.				
Dec.				
Oct.				
June				
May				
July	8 62	8 70	8 60	8 70